

Animals: Living and surviving

- Q. Write some of the adaptations of camel and polar bear.

Ans -

Adaptation of camel

- The skin of the camel is thick and not very hairy. It protects them from the scorching heat of the sun.
- A camel has large and flat padded feet which help it to walk easily on soft sand.
- They have long eye lashes and hairs to protect its eyes and ears from the blowing sand.
- The long legs of the camel keep its body away from the hot sand in deserts.
- A camel drinks lot of water and less urine, dry dung, no sweating to save water.
- The humps of the camel acts as fat storage. It can break down stored fat for nourishment.

Adaptation of polar bears

- A polar bear lives in the cold and snowy arctic lands.
- They are the largest land carnivores.
- Their white fur helps them to blend in with

the snow and ice.

- The wide and large paws help a polar bear to walk in the snow.
- They have fat under the skin which is used as food in winter.