

QUESTIONS ON COMPOUND INTEREST AND SIMPLE INTEREST

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Q1) let the sum be ₹x.

$$\text{Then } x, \left[ \left( 1 + \frac{10}{100} \right)^2 - 1 \right] = 525.$$

$$\Rightarrow x \left[ \left( \frac{11}{10} \right)^2 - 1 \right] = 525$$

$$\Rightarrow x \left[ \frac{121 - 100}{100} \right] = 525$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{525 \times 100}{21} = \underline{\underline{2500}}$$

For S.I,  $P = ₹2500$ ,  $R = 5\%$ .

pa and  $T = 4$  years.

$$S.I = \left( \frac{2500 \times 5 \times 4}{100} \right) = \underline{\underline{2500}}$$

$$Q2) S.I = \frac{P \times R \times T}{100}$$

$$N = 3, R = 8$$

$$\Rightarrow S.I = \frac{P \times 3 \times 8}{100} \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$\Rightarrow C.I = P \left[ \left( 1 + \frac{r}{n} \right)^{nt} - 1 \right]$$

here  $n=1, t=2, r = \frac{10}{100}, P=4000$ .

$$\text{So, } C.I = 4000 \left[ \left( 1 + \frac{10}{100} \right)^2 - 1 \right]$$

$$= 4000 (1.21 - 1)$$

$$\Rightarrow C.I = 4000 \times 0.21 \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

but given  $S.I = \frac{1}{2} \times C.I$

$$= \frac{P \times 3 \times 8}{100} = 4000 \times 0.21 \times \frac{1}{2}$$

$$P = \frac{4000 \times 0.21 \times 100}{3 \times 8} \times \frac{1}{2}$$

$$P = \underline{\underline{21750}}$$

Q3) If there is a 60% increase in an amount in 6 years at simple interest then,

$$SI = 60\% \cdot P$$

$$SI = \frac{60P}{100}$$

$$\text{Interest} = \frac{PTR}{100}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{60P}{100} = \frac{P \times 6 \times R}{100}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{60}{100} = \frac{6 \times R}{100}$$

$\therefore$  Rate of Interest = 10%

$$\text{Compound Interest} = C.I = P \left( 1 + \frac{R}{100} \right)^n - P$$

$$\Rightarrow C.I = 12000 \left( 1 + \frac{10}{100} \right)^3 - 12000$$

$$\Rightarrow C.I = 12000 \left( \frac{11}{10} \right)^3 - 12000$$

$$\Rightarrow CI = 12000 \left( \frac{1331}{1000} \right) - 12000$$

$$\Rightarrow C.I = 15912 - 12000$$

$$= \underline{\underline{3912}}$$

$$Q4) S.I = \frac{P \times r \times T}{100} = \frac{1500 \times r \times 2}{100} = 300r$$

$$C.I = 15000 \left[ \left( \frac{1+r}{100} \right)^2 - 1 \right] = 15000 \left[ \frac{1+r^2}{10000} + \frac{2r}{100} - 1 \right]$$
$$= 1.5r^2 + 300r.$$

$$C.I - S.I = 96.$$
$$= 1.5r^2 + 300r - 300r = 96$$
$$= 1.5r^2 = 96$$
$$= r^2 = \frac{96}{1.5} = 64$$

$$\therefore r = 8\%$$