

Q Explain two achievements & two difficulties of Local Self govt in India.

A The two advantages are:-

- * Constitutional status for local govt. has helped to deepen democracy in our country.
- * It has also increased women's representation & voice in our democracy.

The two difficulties are:-

- * While elections are held regularly & enthusiastically, gram sabhas are not held regularly.
- * Most state govt. ~~are~~ have not transferred significant powers to the local govt.

Q What is Gram Sabha?

A Gram Sabha is the primary body of Panchayati Raj system, it is the sabha of the electorate. It is a permanent body.
It is the legislative body that operates at the village level.

Q Describe any four functions of Gram Sabha.

A The functions of Gram Sabha are as follows :-
* It elects the members of Gram Panchayat.
* It supervises the work of the Gram Panchayat.
* It approves the annual budget of the Panchayat.
* It reviews the performance of the Gram Panchayat.

Q Who is a Mayor?

A Mayor is the head of Municipal Corporations.