

Exercise 14(A)

4) \because AOC is straight line.

$$\therefore \angle AOB + \angle BOD + \angle DOC = 180^\circ$$

$$= y + 150^\circ - x + x = 180^\circ$$

$$= y + 150^\circ = 180^\circ$$

$$= y = 180^\circ - 150^\circ = 30^\circ$$

Hence, $y = 30^\circ$

5) SQR is a straight line

$$\therefore \angle SQT + \angle QTP + \angle PQR = 180^\circ$$

$$= x + 70^\circ + 20^\circ - x + \angle PQR = 180^\circ$$

$$= 90^\circ + \angle PQR = 180^\circ$$

$$= \angle PQR = 180^\circ - 90^\circ = 90^\circ$$

Hence $\angle PQR = 90^\circ$

6) $p^\circ + q^\circ + r^\circ = 180^\circ$ (straight angle)
But $p^\circ = q^\circ = r^\circ$ (given)

$$\therefore p^\circ + p^\circ + p^\circ = 180^\circ$$

$$= 3p^\circ = 180^\circ \quad \Rightarrow p^\circ = \frac{180^\circ}{3} = 60^\circ$$

Hence $p^\circ = q^\circ = r^\circ = 60^\circ$