

Free Fall

(1) A ball is thrown upward with an initial velocity of 10.0 m/s from the top of a 50.0 m tall building.

(a) With what velocity will the ball strike the ground?

Ans - Given $y = -50.0 \text{ m}$ (displacement), $v_0 = +10.0 \text{ m/s}$
Find (a) t (b) v

The y in the kinetic equations stands for displacement from the launch point, not distance. When the ball strikes the ground, it will displace -50.0 m , or 50 m below the launch point.

$$(a) v^2 = v_0^2 - 2gy = (+10.0 \text{ m/s})^2 - 2(9.80 \text{ m/s}^2)(-50.0 \text{ m}) \\ = 1.08 \times 10^3 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^2$$

$$\text{So, } -v = \sqrt{1.08 \times 10^3 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^2} = \pm 32.9 \text{ m/s}$$

The positive answer is discarded since the ball is falling when it lands (moving downward).
Therefore $v = -32.9 \text{ m/s}$

(b) From $v = v_0 - gt$, we have

$$t = \frac{v_0 - v}{g} = \frac{(+10.0 \text{ m/s}) - (-32.9 \text{ m/s})}{9.80 \text{ m/s}^2} = \frac{42.9 \text{ m/s}}{9.80 \text{ m/s}^2}$$

$$= 4.38 \text{ s}$$

(2) A stone is dropped freely in the river from a bridge. It takes 5s to touch the water surface in the river. Calculate:

(i) the height of the bridge from the water level

Ans- Given

$$u = 0 \text{ m/s}$$

$$t = 5 \text{ sec}$$

distance travelled - height of bridge = $h \text{ m}$

So,

$$s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 9.8 \times 5 \times 5$$

$$= 122.5 \text{ m}$$

(ii) the distance covered by stone in the last second ($g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$)

Ans- Distance covered in 4 sec

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 9.8 \times 16$$

$$= 78.4 \text{ m}$$

distance covered in last sec.

= distance covered in 5s - distance covered in 4 sec

$$= 122.5 - 78.4$$

$$= 44.1 \text{ m}$$

3. A tennis ball is struck with a racket going it straight upward at 22 ~~sec~~ meters per second. After how much time will it be falling at 15 meters per second?

Ans-Case 1 :-

Given,

$$u = 22 \text{ m/s}, v = 0, g = -9.8$$

To find t_1

$$\rightarrow v = u + gt_1$$

$$\rightarrow 0 = 22 + (-9.8) \times t_1$$

$$\rightarrow 0 = 22 - 9.8 \times t_1$$

$$\Rightarrow 9.8t_1 = 22$$

$$\Rightarrow t_1 = 2.24 \text{ sec}$$

Case-2 :-

Given,

$$u = 0, v = 15 \text{ m/s}, g = 9.8$$

To find t_2

$$\rightarrow v = u + gt_2$$

$$\rightarrow 15 = 0 + 9.8t_2$$

$$\Rightarrow 15 = 9.8t_2$$

$$\Rightarrow t_2 = 1.53 \text{ sec.}$$

$$\text{So, } t = t_1 + t_2 = (2.24 + 1.53) \text{ sec} = 3.77 = 3.8 \text{ sec.}$$