

H-W

3.9.2021

2. Find LCM of numbers by prime factorization method

a) 16, 48

$$\begin{array}{r}
 2 \overline{) 16, 48} \\
 2 \overline{) 8, 24} \\
 4 \overline{) 4, 12} \\
 1, 3
 \end{array}$$

LCM = 2 x 2 x 2 x 4 x 3 = 32

b) 8, 12, 16

$$\begin{array}{r}
 2 \overline{) 8, 12, 16} \\
 2 \overline{) 4, 6, 8} \\
 2, 3, 4
 \end{array}$$

LCM = 2 x 2 x 2 x 3 x 4 = 96

c) 20, 25

$$\begin{array}{r}
 5 \overline{) 20, 25} \\
 4, 5
 \end{array}$$

LCM = 5 x 5 x 4 = 100

$$d) 40, 50$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 2 & 40, 50 \\ \hline 5 & 20, 25 \\ \hline & 4, 5 \end{array}$$

$$\text{LCM} = 2 \times 5 \times 5 \times 4 = 200$$

$$e) 56, 64$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 2 & 56, 64 \\ \hline 2 & 28, 32 \\ \hline 2 & 14, 16 \\ \hline & 7, 8 \end{array}$$

$$\text{LCM} = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 7 \times 8 = 448$$

$$f) 96, 144$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 2 & 96, 144 \\ \hline 2 & 48, 72 \\ \hline 2 & 24, 36 \\ \hline 2 & 12, 18 \\ \hline 3 & 6, 9 \\ \hline & 2, 3 \end{array}$$

$$\text{LCM} = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 2 \times 3 =$$

$$372$$

$$288$$

$$8) 36, 42$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \overline{) 36, 42} \\ 3 \overline{) 18, 21} \\ 6, 7 \end{array}$$

$$\text{LCM} = 2 \times 3 \times 6 \times 7 = 252$$

$$4) 15, 64$$

$$\boxed{15, 64}$$

$$\text{LCM} = 960$$

2. Find the LCM of the no. by Prime factorization method

i) 15, 45

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 5 & 15, 45 \\ \hline 3 & 3, 9 \\ \hline & 1, 3 \end{array}$$

$$\text{LCM} = 5 \times 3 \times 3 = 45$$

ii) 10, 20, 30

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 2 & 10, 20, 30 \\ \hline 5 & 5, 10, 15 \\ \hline & 1, 2, 3 \end{array}$$

$$\text{LCM} = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5 \times 1 = 60$$