

Ch-9 Animals: Living and Surviving

Let us answer:

- 1) It is a term used when an animal sleeps for several months to protect itself from cold.
a) hibernation, b) respiration, c) extinction, d) digestion
- 2) The natural home of an animal is called its
a) house, b) nest, c) habitat, d) water
- 3) Terrestrial animals breathe through
a) air holes, b) ~~no~~ gills, c) lungs, d) scales
- 4) Monkeys are called
a) ~~terrestrial~~ animals, b) aerial animals
c) arboreal animals, d) aquatic animals
- 5) Carnivorous animals have well-developed
a) biting teeth, b) tearing teeth, c) chewing teeth, d) grinding teeth
- 6) This adaptation helps animals to protect themselves.
a) big nose, b) slow movement, c) small eye,
d) camouflage

- 7) He is a wildlife conservationist.
- a) Sunderlal Bahuguna, b) Baba Amte
c) Steve Irwin, d) Sunita Williams.

B] Write 'T' for True or 'F' for False

- 1) A snake crawls on its legs. F
- 2) Animals that live both in water and on land are called amphibians. T
- 3) Animals that spend most of their time on trees are called aquatic. F
- 4) A giraffe is an omnivore. F
- 5) Animals that live on or inside the body of other animals are called Parasites. T

	Terrestrial	Aquatic	Amphibian	Aerial	Arboreal
Movement	Legs to move on land	Animals that live in water is called Aquatic animals.	Animals that can live both on land and in water are called Amphibians.	Animals that fly are called aerial animals.	Some animals spend most of their time in trees. They are called Arboreal animals.
Breathing organs	Lungs are the Breathing organs for Terrestrial animals. (on land)	Aquatic animals have gills to Breathe in water.	moist skin (to breathe in water) Lungs (to breathe on land)	Aerial animals have to lungs to breathe.	Arboreal animals also have lungs to breathe.
Examples	Horses, lions, Camels, Deers.	Fishes, crabs, Turtles, Snails.	Frogs, Toads, Salamanders, newts.	Swallows, Kites, Crows, Bats.	Monkeys, lizards, Squirrels, Opossums.