

4) In Fig. 6.16, if  $x + y = w + z$ , then prove that  $AOB$  is a line.

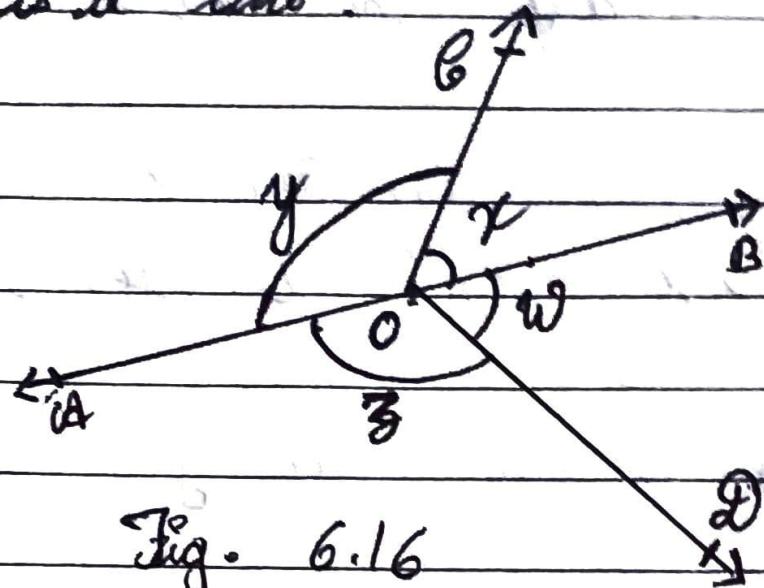


Fig. 6.16

ans) For proving  $AOB$  is a straight line, we will have to prove  $x + y$  is a linear pair.

$\therefore x + y = 180^\circ$

We know that the angles around a point are  $360^\circ$  so,

$x + y + z + w = 360$

given,

$x + y = w + z$  So,  $(x + y) + (x + y) = 360^\circ$

$2(x + y) = 360^\circ \therefore$  It is proved that  $(x + y) = 180^\circ$

5) In Fig. 6.17,  $\overleftrightarrow{POQ}$  is a line. Ray  $OR$  is perpendicular to line  $PQ$ .  $OS$  is another ray lying between rays  $OP$  and  $OR$ . Prove that  $ROS = \frac{1}{2} (QOS - POS)$ .

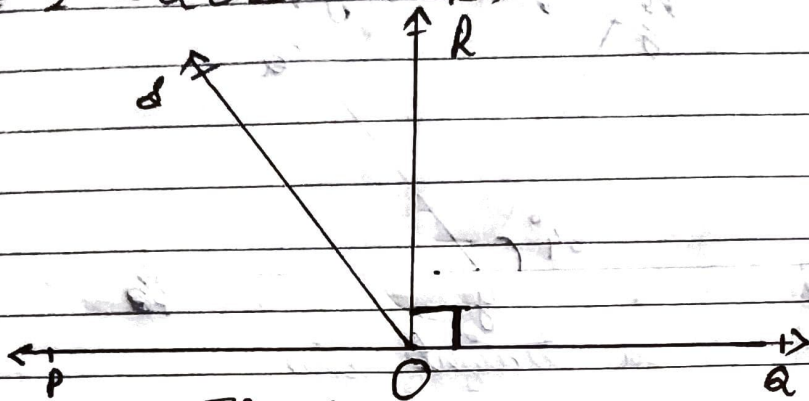


Fig. 6.17

sol) In this question, it is given that  $(OR \perp PQ)$  and  $POQ = 180^\circ$

so,

$$POS + ROS + ROQ = 180^\circ$$

Now,

$$POS + ROS = 180^\circ - 90^\circ \text{ (since } \angle POR = \angle ROQ = 90^\circ \text{)}$$

$$\therefore POS + ROS = 90^\circ$$

Now,

$$QOS = ROQ + ROS$$

It is given that  $\angle ROQ = 90^\circ$

$$\therefore QOS = 90^\circ + ROS$$

or,

$$QOS - ROS = 90^\circ$$

As  $POS + ROS = 90^\circ$  and  $QOS - ROS = 90^\circ$ , we get

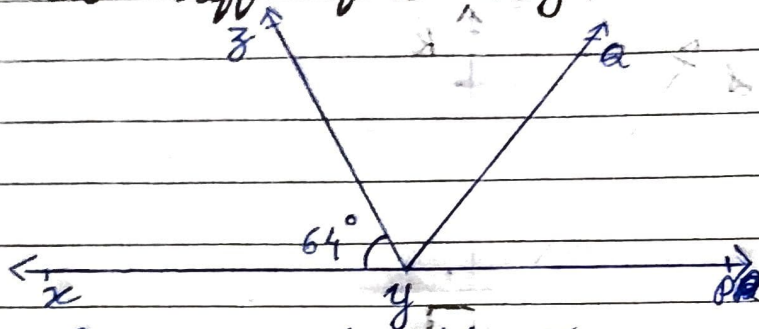
$$POS + ROS = QOS - ROS$$

$$2ROS + POS = QOS$$

$$\text{or, } ROS = \frac{1}{2} (QOS - POS) \therefore \text{proved.}$$

6) It is given that  $\angle XYZ = 64^\circ$  and  $XY$  is produced to point  $P$ . Draw a figure from the given information. If a ray  $YA$  bisects  $\angle ZYP$ , find  $\angle XYA$  and reflex  $\angle AYP$ .

ans)



Here,  $XP$  is a straight line

So,

$$\angle XYZ + \angle ZYP = 180^\circ$$

Putting the value of  $\angle XYZ = 64^\circ$  we get,

$$64^\circ + \angle ZYP = 180^\circ$$

$$\therefore \angle ZYP = 116^\circ$$

From the diagram, we also know that  ~~$\angle ZYP = \angle ZYA + \angle AYP$~~

$$\text{Now } \angle ZYP = \angle ZYA + \angle AYP$$

Now,

as  $YA$  bisects  $\angle ZYP$ ,

$$\angle ZYA = \angle AYP$$

$$\text{Or, } \angle ZYP = 2\angle ZYA$$

$$\therefore \angle ZYA = \frac{\angle ZYP}{2} = \frac{116^\circ}{2} = 58^\circ$$

By putting the value of  $\angle XYZ = 64^\circ$  and  $\angle ZYA = 58^\circ$  we get,

$$\angle XYA = 64^\circ + 58^\circ$$

$$\text{Or, } \angle XYA = 122^\circ$$

Now, Reflex  $\angle AYP = 180^\circ + \angle XYA$

We computed that the value of  $\angle XYA = 122^\circ$

So,

$$\angle AYP = 180^\circ + 122^\circ$$

$$\therefore \angle AYP = 302^\circ$$