

- 1) Dr. Bhabasahab Ambedkar was the chairman of the Drafting Committee, presenting the final ~~for~~ draft of the Indian Constitution to Dr. Rajendra Prasad on 25 November 1949.
- 2) Secularism in India, thus does not mean the separation of religion from state. Instead secularism in India means a state that supports or participates in a neutral manner in the affairs of all religious groups.
- 3) Jaipal Singh (Musla) was the first captain of the India hockey team who was a member of the Constituent Assembly.
- 4) India is called a republic as the representatives are elected by the people of the country. The representatives elected by citizens have the power to take decisions on our behalf. India declared itself a Sovereign, Democratic and republic state with the adoption of the Constitution on January 26 1950.

- 5) Young India was the magazine Gandhi discussed his idea about constitution and its working.
- 6) Socialist means wealth is generated socially and should be shared equally by society.
- 7) Preamble is an index to the social and political structure of the society hence it is also called an "Index of the Constitution". Sovereign, Socialist, Secular, Democratic, Republic. Justice, Liberty, Equality and Fraternity are the keywords mentioned in the preamble.