

- Ans 1. Dr. B.R. Ambedkar was the chairman of the drafting committee of the constitution of India.
- Ans 2. Secular means that religion is separated from the state.
- Ans 3. Jugal Singh Munda was the first captain of the Indian Hockey Team who was a member of the Constituent assembly.
- Ans 4. India is Republic as the head of the state (president) is elected and not hereditarily.
- Ans 5. Gandhi discussed his blog about constitution and it's working in Young India Magazine.
- Ans 6. Socialist means that the resources are distributed equally.
- Ans 7. Preamble is the introduction to constitution.
- Fraternity:- All of us should behave as if we were part of the same family. No citizen should be treated as inferior.
 - Equality:- All are equal before law. The traditional inequalities must end. Equal opportunity for all must be ensured.
 - Liberty:- There are no restrictions on the citizens on what they can think, how they express their thoughts and the way they wish to follow up their thoughts in action.
 - Republic:- The head of the state is an elected person and not a hereditary position.
 - Sovereign:- No external power can dictate the government of India.