

In the meantime, there is another eel who was also the neighbour of the first eel. It observed this humorous affair and suggested a brilliant idea. It proposed that both of them will fasten their waists with a bottle green belt and strap it firmly. Thereafter, they will hop on over the seat and squirm so that they both can paddle using their tails and ride the bicycle.

And there they were, all set to live their dream and ride the bicycle as they longed in the beginning of the poem.

SD
24/06/20

GET GOING

A. Let us find the answers from the poem.

1. What did the eel want to do? Why couldn't he do it?

Ans: The eel was determined to ride on a wheel, but he could not do it because when he sat on the saddle to ride, his tail could ~~not~~ only pedal one side.

Q. What plan was devised by the neighbour to solve the problem?

Ans: His neighbour, who was also an eel, said that they could wrap a belt around both their waists and fasten it with a strap. In this manner, each eel could pedal one side of the bicycle.

3. Identify four pairs of words from the poem that make minimal pairs.

Ans: eel-wheel, might-right, fun-done, ride-side

B. Let us read between the lines.

1. What do you understand by the line, 'That two heads are better than one'?

Ans: 'That two heads are better than one' means that when people work together to solve a ~~the~~ problem, they are more likely to find a solution, than when one person works ~~alone~~ alone.

Dt-
24.06.21

Grammar Junction

Q. what do 'the fun' and 'the thing' refer to in the following lines?

'His neighbour, observing the fun,

Said, 'I think that the thing can be done.'

Q. what do 'the fun' and 'the thing' refer to in the following lines?

'His neighbour, observing the fun,

Said, 'I think that the thing can be done.'

Ans: In these lines 'the fun' ~~is~~ refers to the neighbour's observation of the ambitious young eel failing over while attempting to ride the bicycle. 'The thing' refers to the act of riding a bicycle successfully.

C. Let us go beyond the poem.

1. Do you think the poem has a moral for the readers? If so, what is it?

Ans: Yes, the poem ~~is~~ absolutely has a moral for the readers. The moral ~~is~~ is that we need to be determined towards our dream and should never give up. We should work as a team to solve the problem.

1. Rewrite the sentences using the correct form of the future tense.

a) Arun wants to tell Jaism that he doesn't want to do an extra assignment.

Ans: Arun says to Jaism, "I will not do an extra assignment."

b) Meenal wants to tell Akshat how happy she'll be this time tomorrow when the last exam is over.

Ans: Meenal tells Akshat, "I will be so happy this time tomorrow when the last exam is over."

c) Pankaj wants to ask Sheetal if she will be staying with her cousin when she goes to Puerto Rico.

Ans: ~~Pankaj~~ Pankaj asks Sheetal, "Will you be staying with your ~~is~~ cousin when you go to Puerto Rico?"

d) Abhishek wants to announce that he and his sister will throw a party next weekend for all their friends.

Ans: Abhishek says, "My sister and I will throw a party next weekend for all our ~~friends~~ friends."

e) Anvika wants to tell her friends that she thinks it might rain the next day.

Ans: Anvika says, "I think it will rain tomorrow."