

# HERON'S FORMULA

Ex. 12.1

1. Ans. Perimeter of equilateral  $\Delta = 180 \text{ cm}$

$$a = \frac{180}{3}$$

$$= \underline{60 \text{ m}}$$

Area of the signal board =  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} a^2$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 60 \times 60$$

$$= \underline{900\sqrt{3} \text{ cm}^2}$$

2. Ans.  $a = 122 \text{ m}$

$$b = 22 \text{ m}$$

$$c = 120 \text{ m}$$

$$s \Rightarrow \frac{a+b+c}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{122+22+120}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{164}{2} = \underline{82 \text{ m}}$$

$$s-a = 82 - 122 = 10$$

$$s-b = 82 - 22 = 60$$

$$s-c = 82 - 120 = 12$$

$$\text{Area} = \sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}$$

$$= \sqrt{82(10)(60)(12)}$$

$$= \sqrt{11 \times 12 \times 10 \times 11 \times 10 \times 12}$$

$$= 11 \times 12 \times 10$$

$$= \underline{1320 \text{ m}^2}$$



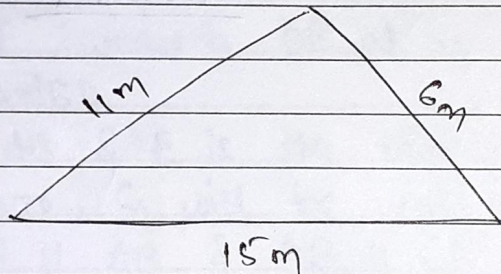
Rent for  $1\text{m}^2$  per year = ₹5000

Rent for  $1\text{m}^2$  for 1 month =  $\frac{5000}{12}$

Rent for  $1\text{m}^2$  for 3 months =  $\frac{5000 \times 3}{12}$   
= ₹1250

Rent for  $1320\text{m}^2 \Rightarrow ₹1250 \times 1320$   
= ₹1650000

3. An-



$a = 11\text{m}$

$b = 6\text{m}$

$c = 15\text{m}$

$s = \frac{a+b+c}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{11+6+15}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{32}{2} = 16\text{m}$

Area of  $\Delta = \sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}$   
 $= \sqrt{16(16-11)(16-6)(16-15)}$   
 $= \sqrt{16(5)(10)(1)}$   
 $= \sqrt{2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 5 \times 2 \times 5 \times 1}$   
 $= 2 \times 2 \times 5 \times \sqrt{2}$   
 $= 20\sqrt{2}\text{m}^2$



4. Ans:  $a = 18\text{cm}$   
 $b = 10\text{cm}$   
 $c = 14\text{cm}$

Perimeter =  $42\text{cm}$

$\Rightarrow a + b + c = 42\text{cm}$   
 $\Rightarrow 18 + 10 + x = 42$   
 $\Rightarrow 28 + x = 42$   
 $\Rightarrow x = 42 - 28$   
 $x = \underline{14\text{cm}}$

$\hat{=}$   $a = 18\text{cm}$   
 $b = 10\text{cm}$   
 $c = 14\text{cm}$

$s = \frac{a+b+c}{2} = \frac{18+10+14}{2} = \frac{42}{2} = \underline{21\text{cm}}$

$s - a = 21 - 18 = 3\text{cm}$

$s - b = 21 - 10 = 11\text{cm}$

$s - c = 21 - 14 = 7\text{cm}$

Area =  $\sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}$

$= \sqrt{21(3)(11)(7)}$   
 $= \sqrt{3 \times 7 \times 3 \times 11 \times 7}$   
 $= 3 \times 7 \times \sqrt{11}$   
 $= \underline{21\sqrt{11}\text{cm}^2}$



5. Anu - Let  $a = 12x$   
 $b = 17x$   
 $c = 25x$

Perimeter = 540 cm

$\Rightarrow a + b + c = 540 \text{ cm}$   
 $\Rightarrow 12x + 17x + 25x = 540$   
 $\Rightarrow 54x = 540$   
 $x = \frac{540}{54} = 10 \text{ cm}$

$\therefore a = 12 \times 10 = 120 \text{ cm}$   
 $b = 17 \times 10 = 170 \text{ cm}$   
 $c = 25 \times 10 = 250 \text{ cm}$

$s = \frac{a+b+c}{2} = \frac{120+170+250}{2} = \frac{540}{2} = 270 \text{ cm}$

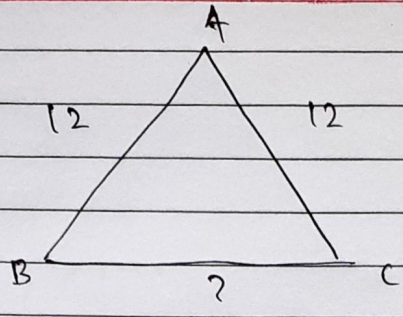
$s - a = 270 - 120 = 150$   
 $s - b = 270 - 170 = 100$   
 $s - c = 270 - 250 = 20$

Area =  $\sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}$

$= \sqrt{270 \times 150 \times 100 \times 20}$   
 $= \sqrt{27 \times 10 \times 15 \times 10 \times 10 \times 2 \times 10}$   
 $= \sqrt{3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 2 \times 5 \times 3 \times 5 \times 2 \times 5 \times 2 \times 2 \times 5 \times 2 \times 5}$   
 $= 3 \times 3 \times 2 \times 5 \times 5 \times 2 \times 5 = 9000 \text{ cm}^2$



G. Anu -



$$a = 12$$

$$b = 12$$

$$c = x$$

$$\text{Perimeter} = 30 \text{ cm}$$

$$\Rightarrow 12 + 12 + x = 30 \text{ cm}$$

$$\Rightarrow 24 + x = 30 \text{ cm}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 30 - 24$$

$$= \underline{6 \text{ cm}}$$

$$\therefore a = 12 \text{ cm}$$

$$b = 12 \text{ cm}$$

$$c = 6 \text{ cm}$$

$$s = \frac{a+b+c}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{12+12+6}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{30}{2} = \underline{15 \text{ cm}}$$

$$s-a = 15 - 12 = 3 \text{ cm}$$

$$s-b = 15 - 12 = 3 \text{ cm}$$

$$s-c = 15 - 6 = 9 \text{ cm}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area} &= \sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)} \\ &= \sqrt{15(3)(3)(9)} \\ &= \sqrt{3 \times 5 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3} \\ &= 3 \times 3 \times \sqrt{15} \\ &= \underline{9\sqrt{15} \text{ cm}^2} \end{aligned}$$