

HOME ASSIGNMENT

Q.1. Two objects of ~~mass~~ m₁ = 100g & m₂ = 200g are moving along the same line & direction with velocities of 2m/s & 1m/s respectively. They collide & after the collision, the first object moves at a velocity of 1.67m/s. Determine the velocity of the second object.

$$\text{Ans. } m_1 = 100\text{g} \\ = 0.1\text{kg}$$

$$m_2 = 200\text{g} \\ = 0.2\text{kg}$$

$$v_1 = 2\text{m/s}$$

$$v_2 = 1\text{m/s}$$

$$v_3 = 1.67\text{m/s}$$

According to the law of conservation of momentum :-

Total momentum before collision = Total momentum after collision.

$$\Rightarrow m_1 v_1 + m_2 v_2 = m_1 v_3 + m_2 v_4$$

$$\Rightarrow 2(0.1) + 1(0.2) = 1.67(0.1) + v_4 \times 0.2$$

$$\Rightarrow 0.4 = 0.167 + 0.2 \times v_4$$

$$\underline{\Rightarrow v_4 = 1.165\text{ m/s}}$$

Q.2. From a rifle of mass 4kg, a bullet of mass 50g is fired with an initial velocity of 35m/s. Calculate the initial recoil velocity of the rifle.

$$\text{Ans. } m_1 = 50 \text{ g} = 0.05 \text{ kg}$$

$$m_2 = 4 \text{ kg}$$

$$v_1 = 35 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_2 = \frac{-m_1 v_1}{m_2}$$

(v_2 = recoil velocity)

$$\Rightarrow \frac{0.05 \times 35}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-1.75}{4} = -0.4375 \text{ m/s}$$