

New European merchants in cutting up their
industries in towns.

Ans. This is because these urban crafts and trade
guilds were powerful. These were associa-
tion of producers regulated competition
and prices. And restricted the entry of
new people into trade. Rulers granted
different guilds the monopoly right to produce
and trade in specific products.

(ii) In 18th century the peasants and artisans
in countryside really seemed to work

Cottage and poor peasants who had earlier
depended on common lands for their

survival gathering their firewood, yam, etc.,
vegetables, hay and straw had to now look

for alternative source of income.

Many had tiny plot of land which could
not provide work for all members of the
household. So when merchants came around

and offered advances to produce goods,

if their peasant households eagerly

agreed.

3) What is proto industrialisation

It refers to early phase of industrialisation in England and Europe where production was mostly done hands

4) What is trade guilds

Association of traders and merchants that craft people and maintain control over production and regulating prices

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(5) which city was known as finishing section
London

who were staples

They were the people who enable wool

(5) Define fullen.

A person who fulls that is gathers -
cloth by plicating

(7) who were trade guilds

guilds were in production, the main
crafts people.