

Home Assignment

- 1.) (i) The motion is uniform
(ii) The acceleration is uniform

2.) (i) acceleration = 0
 $u = 10$

$$S_A = ut + \frac{1}{2} at^2$$

$$S_A = 10t + 10t$$

Car B = 1

$$S_B = ut + \frac{1}{2} at^2$$

$$= 0 \times t + \frac{1 \times t^2}{2}$$

$$= \frac{t^2}{2}$$

So,

thompson erhoff

$$A_0 \Rightarrow S_B - S_A = 10.5$$

$$\frac{t^2}{2} - 10t = 10.5 \quad (i)$$

$$\frac{t^2 - 20t}{2} = 10.5$$

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$$t^2 - 20t = 10.5 \times 2$$

$$t^2 - 20t = 21$$

$$t^2 - 20t - 21 = 0$$

$$t^2 - 21t + 1t - 21 = 0$$

$$t(t-21) + 1(t-21) = 0$$

$$(t-21)(t+1) = 0$$

$$\underline{\underline{t = 21}}, \underline{\underline{t = -1}}$$

3.)

(i) $(A) = (D)$

(ii) $(B) = (f)$

(iii) $(C) = (s)$

(iv) $(d) = (q)$

4.)

- (a) (i) uniform motion
(ii) non-uniform motion

(b) ~~From~~ From A to B the velocity is constant here the velocity is zero

(c) From B to C because the acceleration would be reduced to zero.

5.)

(i) OA = increasing acceleration
AB = uniform motion

(ii) the velocity after 10 seconds is 20 m/s
the velocity after 40 seconds is 0 m/s

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(iii) retardation} &= \frac{V - U}{t} \\ &= \frac{20 - 0}{10} \\ &= \frac{20}{10} \\ &= \frac{2}{1} \\ &= 2 \text{ m/s}^2 \end{aligned}$$

(iv) distance covered = area under velocity-time graph that is area of the rectangle.

$$= 20 * 20 = 400 \text{ m}$$