

Hw

## FEDERALISM

Q1. why do you mean by coming together federalism?

ans) → "Coming together" federalism is one of the kinds of routes through which federations have been formed.

- "Coming together" federations involves independently states coming together to their own to form a bigger unit, so that by sovereignty and retaining identity they can increase their security.

→ In "coming together" federations all constituents have equal power and are strong vis-a-vis

the federal govt.

→ Ex- USA, Switzerland, Australia.

Q.2. What do you mean by Holding together federalism?

ans → "Holding together" federations are also kind of states through which the federations have been formed.

→ "Holding together" federations is formed when a large country decides to divide its power between the constituent states and the national government.

→ In "Holding together" federations centre is more powerful vis-a-vis states.

→ In "Holding together" federations constituent units of federations have unequal powers.

→ Ex- India, Spain, Belgium.

Q.3. Define Union list.

ans → Has subject of National importance.

→ Union alone can make laws.

Q4. Define State list.

ans → Has Subjects of local and state importance.  
→ State Govt. alone can make laws.

Q5. Define Concurrent list.

ans → Has Subjects of common interest both of centre and state.  
→ Both the centre and state can frame laws.

Q6. Define Residuary list.

ans - Are Subject which do not fall under these three lists.  
→ Union govt. alone has the power to make laws. Eg. Computer Software.