

11/05/21 Rural life and Society

Q1. Who introduced the Patta system in India?

Ans - Sher Shah Suri introduced the Patta system in India.

Q2. What do you mean by the term Patta?

Ans - written record of land ownership is known as Patta.

Q3. Name the three types of land revenue introduced by British.

Ans - The process the British started three forms of revenue collection in India are:

- * Permanent Settlement of Bengal.
- * Ryotwari system
- * Mahalwari system

Q4. What do you mean by Permanent Settlement System and where was it introduced?

Ans * In 1793 Lord Cornwallis introduced the permanent settlement of Bengal.

* The Zamindars were required to pay a fixed amount in cash on a fixed date as land revenue to the treasury irrespective of what they could collect.

* Permanent Settlement was introduced in Bengal, Bihar, Odisha and coastal Andhra Pradesh. It was abolished in 1955.

Q5. How was permanent settlement advantages to British?

Ans- Advantages for the British

- * The Zamindars turned out to be firm supporters of the British.
- * By fixing the land revenue, the British govt. ensured that it received the same fixed amount on a fixed date.
- * It was easier to deal with a few zaminders than with hundreds of farmers.

Q6. How was permanent settlement, disadvantages to farmer?

Ans- * The zamindars ill-treated the farmers to extract the revenue.

- * Small farmers who ^{had} to either sell or mortgage their lands to pay the revenue became landless labourers.
- * Many land owners were evicted from their land by the British because they did not have patta to prove that they owned the land.
- * To meet increasing expenses the government had to increase the tax in other provinces.