

Coc  
29.7.21

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Q) Explain Collectivisation programme.

- What followed was Stalin's collectivisation programme. From 1929, the Party forced all peasant to cultivate in collective farms (Kolkhoz).
- The bulk of land and implements were transferred to the ownership of collective farms.
- Peasants worked on the land and the Kolkhoz profit was shared.
- Enraged peasants resisted the authorities and destroyed their livestock.
- Between 1929 and 1931, the number of cattle fell by one-third.
- Those who resisted collectivisation were severely punished. Many were deported and exiled.
- As they resisted collectivisation, peasants argued that were not rich and they were not against socialism but they didn't want to work in collective farms for variety of reasons.
- Stalin government allowed in some independent collectivisation, but treated such cultivators unsympathetically.

Ceo  
20.7.21

Q Why the collectivisation programme was a failure?

OR

Q What is the result of collectivisation programme?

Ans. It was a failure/ the result:-

- Production didn't increase immediately.
- As a result there was bad harvest due to low production.
- Bad harvest led to food shortage.
- Due to food shortage devastating famines occurs.
- Because of famine, in Soviet history, 4 million people died.