

Autumn HOLIDAY HOMEWORK

A) Our Environment

- 1) b
- 2) a
- 3) c
- 4) b
- 5) d

Q1) lithosphere provide us forests, grasslands, grazing land for agriculture and human settlements.

Q2) Gravitational force.

Q3) 5 June

Q4) Physical, Biotic

Q5) Biotic and abiotic.

Interior of the earth

- Q1) 6371 km
- 2) Igneous rock, sedimentary rocks, metamorphic rock.
- 3) Inner core
- 4) Iron
- 5) sedimentary.

Q1) Primary rocks are the rocks made of solidified magma or lava.
2) Due to the extreme heat and pressure the inner core solidifies.
3) When the lava flows out of the vent and comes in contact of the cooler temperature it is called magma.
4) Sedimentary rocks are formed from deposits of pre-existing rocks or pieces of once-living organism that accumulate on the Earth's surface.

Changing faces of earth

- 1) tectonic plates
- 2) circular motion
- 3) Endogenic forces
- 4) Exogenic forces
- 5) Sudden forces \rightarrow ~~earthquakes~~
- 6) ~~epicentres~~ focus
- 7) Epicenter
- 8) Seismograph
- 9) Open space, away from buildings.
- 10) Erosion is the process of eroding of a rock while weathering on the other hand, degrades the rocks without replacing them.
- 11) Water, wind and glaciers
- 12) ~~River~~ The running water
- 13) Waterfall
- 14) Meanders
- 15) Ox bow lake
- 16) flat fertile floodplain
- 17) Lenses
- 18) A branch of a river that does not return to the main stream after leaving it.
- 19) ~~Cliff faces rocks~~ Cliffs, caves and stacks
- 20) Sea cliff
- 21) Sea waves
- 22) Icy rivers
- 23) Glacial moraine
- 24) Mushroom
- 25) Mushroom rocks, sand dunes and Barchans
- 26) When the river approaches the sea, it becomes very slow in its flow and begins to break up into a number of streams called distributaries. Also, the river carries a lot of rocks in it which reduces its speed
- 27) Flood plain often creates good agricultural land, not just because water is present, but also because ~~at~~ those flood waters carry sediments that enrich the soil.