

- * It is only applicable for adults
- * It is not applicable for growing children.

Assignment

<p>16 Example</p> <p>• Imagine what could happen if farmers refuse to sell sugarcane to a particular sugar mill. The mill have to shut down.</p>	<p>What Does this Show?</p> <p>This is an example of secondary sector being dependent primary sector.</p>
<p>• Imagine what would happen to cotton cultivation if companies decide not to buy from the for Indian market and import all cotton they need from other countries. Indian cotton cultivation will become less profitable and the farmers may even go bankrupt. If they cannot quickly switch to other crops. Cotton prices will fall.</p>	<p>This is an example of primary or agriculture sector dependent of the secondary sector.</p>

*) Farmers buy many goods - such as tractors, pumps, electricity, pesticides and fertilisers or pumps group. Cost of cultivation of the farmers will rise and their profits will be reduced.

This is example of primary sector being dependent of the secondary sector.

*) People working in industrial and service sectors need food. Imagine what could happen if there is a strike by transporters and lorries refuse to take vegetables, milk, etc. from rural areas. Food will become scarce urban areas whereas farmers will be unable to sell their products.

This is an example of primary and secondary sector being dependent on the tertiary sector.

2) Lets work these out

a) Primary Sector it is connected with extraction and production of natural resources eg, mining.

b) Secondary Sector it is concerned with the processing of materials which have already been extracted at the primary stage. e.g, making jewellery from gold.

c) Tertiary sector it is concerned with providing

support services eg insurance

- c) Primary Sector
 - Flower cultivation
 - Fisherman
 - Gardener
 - Potter

d) Students are junior of the useful on the

3) Do you primary

are) Yes / secondary / in / GDP

support services to primary and secondary sectors
eg insurance.

Primary Sector	Secondary	Tertiary
→ Flower cultivator	→ Basket weaver	→ Tailor
→ Fisherman	→ Workers in match factory	→ Milk vendor
→ Gardener	→ Bee-keeper	→ Priest
→ Potter		→ Courier
		→ Moneylender
		→ Astronaut
		→ Call centre
		→ Employee

d) Students are often classified into primary and secondary or junior and senior. They are classified on the basis of the class in which they study. Yes, I think this is a useful classification because we cannot classify all of them on the basis of age or any other criteria.

3) Do you think the classification of economic activities into primary, secondary and tertiary is useful? Explain how.

ans) Yes, classification of economic activity into primary, secondary and tertiary sectors is useful as it helps in estimating the relative importance in the growth of GDP of the economy. Classifying in such a way, helps

in calculating how much goods and services are produced and how many people work in each sector.

4) Make a long list of all kinds of work that you find adults around you doing for a living. In what way can we classify. Explain your choice.

ans) Primary sector:- A farmer working in his field, a dairy owner selling dairy products and milk, a fisherman selling fish

Secondary sector:- An engineer working in a factory, a foreman working in a factory.

Tertiary sector:- A chartered accountant, a transporter, a banker, a teacher etc.