

Class Work

Unit

Questions & Answers

Q.1. What are the things the wind does in the first stanza?

Ans: The wind breaks the ~~doors~~ doors of window, scatter the papers and throw down the books on ~~the~~ shelf. It also tears pages of the books and brings rain.

X

Q.2. Have you seen anyone winnow grain at home or in a paddy field? What is the word in your language for winnowing? What do people use for winnowing?

Ans: Yes, the ladies winnow grain in our village. The word used in my language for winnowing is ~~called~~ called 'झालना' (in Bhojpuri). People use winnowing to remove straws, chaffs and dust from grains.

X

3. What does the poet say the wind god winnows?

Ans: The wind god winnows all the things available at home.

4. What should we do to make friends with the wind?

Ans: The poet suggests that we should build strong houses and fix the doors firmly to make friends with the wind. Moreover, we should be strong enough to face the difficulties in life.

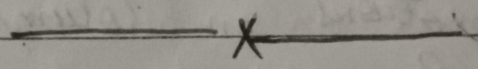
5. What do the last four lines of the poem mean to you?

Ans: The knowledge which I got from the last four lines that if you fall ~~over~~ that doesn't mean you can't get up, it's just a bad day not a bad life. You should have faith in yourself that you can do it just overcome the obstacles.

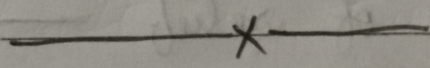
6. How does the poet talk to the wind — in anger or with humour? You must also have seen or heard of the

wind "crumbling lives". What is your response to it?
Is it like the poet's?

Ans: The author / poet speaks to the wind with humour.
The author is correct cause the wind god has been
destroying things miserably so he confronted and
asked the wind to fight with him, being all prepared



II. No, I sincerely don't know any poem in my
language.



Word and Meanings

- > poking fun — making fun
- > rafters — sloping beams supporting a roof
- > winnow — blow grain free of chaff