

Exercise Questions

Q7) What is the difference between economic activities and non economic activities?

Ans) The activities that add value to the national income are called economic activities involve the activities performed for pay or profit. and non market activities include the production done for self consumption.

The activities that add no value to the national income are called non-economic activities. The domestic chore is an example of non-economic activities.

Q8) Why are women ~~per~~ employed in low paid work?

Ans) The wage distribution for men and women has been a major concern for the society. Women are mostly paid less than men. One major reason for this is meagre education qualification of women - they are employed in sectors which don't provide them with proper maternity leaves, child care benefits and other provisions and are also responsible for managing household work. Hence they are paid less than men. Skill is another reason why wages of women are less than

men. Men are considered more skillful in comparison to women. Despite equal physical work, due to this reason women are employed in low paid work.

Q9) How will you explain the term unemployment and a situation in which skilled and able people don't get gainful work at decent wages is called unemployment. Rural and urban areas both have unemployment. In the case of the rural population, there is seasonal unemployment and in urban areas there is educated unemployment.

Q10) What is the difference between disguised and seasonal unemployment?

<p>disguised unemployment</p> <p>→ Here, people appear to be employed.</p> <p>→ Occurs when number of people are working on a land. more than needed</p>	<p>Seasonal unemployment.</p> <p>→ Seasonal unemployment is when a person is unable to find jobs during a few months of the year.</p> <p>→ mostly happens to farmers who are unemployed for a part of the year when no crops are grown.</p>
--	---

(Q11) Why educated unemployed a, peculiar prob lem of India?

And Educated unemployed has become a phenomenon in India. Youths with matriculation graduation and post graduate degrees are unable to get jobs in India. This is because of the system in India seeks anyone above the age of 18 years eligible to work. This leaves the youth unskilled and ultimately unemployed. It is important that an individual does not only have a degree but must also be skilled enough to get a job.