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Circular motion, Angular displacement & velocity :-

1) The planet Neptune travels in a nearly circular orbit of radius, $r = 4.5 \times 10^9 \text{ km}$, about the Sun. It takes Neptune 165 y to make a complete trip around the Sun. How fast in (km/h) does Neptune travel in its orbit.

2) A circular cycle track has a circumference of 314 m with AB as one of its diameters. A cyclist travels from A to B along the circular path with a constant magnitude 15.7 m/s. Find

- a) distance moved by the cyclist
- b) displacement of cyclist AB represent N-S direction
- c) Average velocity of the cyclist.

2)

3) Define Circular motion.

b) An artificial satellite is moving in a circular orbit of radius 42,250 km. Calculate speed if it takes 24 hours to revolve once around earth.

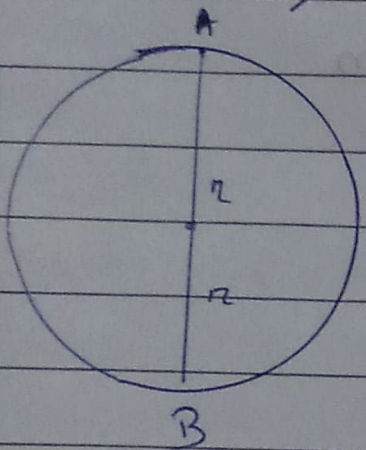
Answers:-

1)

$$v = \frac{2\pi r}{t} = \frac{2(3.14)(4.5 \times 10^4 \text{ km})}{(1 \text{ d})(365 \text{ d/yr})(24 \text{ h/d})}$$

$$\Rightarrow 2.0 \times 10^4 \text{ km/h}$$

2)



a) Distance = $\frac{\text{Circumference}}{2} = \frac{314 \cdot 157 \text{ m}}{2}$

b) ~~Average velocity = $\frac{\text{displacement}}{\text{Time}} = \frac{2r}{157}$~~

b) displacement = $2r$
 $\Rightarrow 2 \times \frac{314}{2\pi}$

\Rightarrow 100 m toward South

~~$\Rightarrow \frac{2 \times 314}{2\pi} = 10 \text{ m/sec}$~~

c) average velocity = $\frac{\text{displacement}}{\text{time}}$

$$= \frac{100}{\frac{100}{15.7}} = \frac{100 \times 15.7}{100} = 15.7 \text{ m/s}$$

3) a) motion of a body along circular path is called circular motion

b) Distance covered by satellite in 24 hours

$$S = 2\pi r$$

$$= 2 \times 3.14 \times 42250 = 265464.58 \text{ km}$$

Speed of satellite

$$v = \frac{\text{distance travelled}}{\text{time taken}}$$

$$\frac{265464.58}{24 \times 60 \times 60} = 3.07 \text{ km/s}$$