

## Tribal Dances and the use of gold ornaments

### (1) True or False

(i) By the nineteenth century, tribal people in different parts of India were involved

in a variety of activities. - True

(ii) All members of the clan were regarded as descendants of the original settlers

who had first cleared the land. - True

(iii) When cultivations ploughed ~~the~~ the land

and sow seeds. - False

(iv) Cocoons were bought from the santhals and sold by the traders at five

times the purchase price. - True

(vi) Birsa urged his followers to purify themselves, give up drinking liquor and stop belittling the witchcraft and sorcery. - True

(vii) The British wanted to preserve the tribal way of life. False

(viii) Kusum and palash flowers were used to colour clothes and leather. True

(ix) Many tribal groups saw the market and the traders as their main enemies. - True

2. Name the tribe of 'Birsa'

Ans. Munda tribe

4. Who were mundas?

Ans. Munda is a tribal community. They live in the states of Jharkhand, West Bengal, Chhattisgarh, Odisha and Bihar.

5. Birsal belonged to which village and state?

Ans. Village of Chhotanagpur in Bihar.

6. When and where revolt of Sangma took place?

Ans. The revolt of Sangma in Assam in 1906.

7. Name the place where Kond people used

do live?

Ans. Forests of Odisha

8. Why did the British preserve the forests of India?

Ans. The British mainly concentrated on the Indian forests for obtaining timber and logs.

9. What does Vaishnav mean?

Ans. Vaishnav means the people who worship Lord Vishnu.

10. When did Birsa Munda die and how?

Ans. Birsa Munda died in 1900, in Chhota Nagpur, Bihar, India, due to cholera.

Q. What is the other name of jhum cultivation?  
Ans. Shifting cultivation

12. When and where was the Forest Satyagraha happened?

Ans. The Forest Satyagraha was started on 10th July 1930 at Purna.

13. It was below the ~~class~~ dignity of which tribe to become a labourer?

Ans. Bhisu

14. What was the colour of the flag raised by Mundas as a symbol of Bhisu Raj?

Ans. White flag

15. Name the leaves used for making plates by the Dongria Kondha women of Orissa.

Ans Siali

16. In which area the Santhals reared cocoons?

Ans Jharkhand

17. What is fallow field?

Fallow field is that arable land which is left without sowing for one or more vegetative cycles.

18. Why did the British introduce land settlement?

The British also wanted a regular sources of revenue which was not possible with peasants engaged in shifting cultivation. Therefore the British introduced land settlement