

Q1 None of the above

Q2 10^{100}

Q3 a) identity for addition

Q4 c) identity for multiplication

$$\begin{array}{r}
 3 \overline{) 1323} \\
 3 \overline{) 441} \\
 3 \overline{) 147} \\
 7 \overline{) 49} \\
 7 \overline{) 7} \\
 \hline
 1
 \end{array}$$

$$1323 = \overline{3 \times 3 \times 3} \times \overline{7 \times 7}$$

So, required no. to be multiplied to make 1323 a perfect cube is 7

$$Q6 \quad \frac{2.7}{18} \times 100 = \frac{270}{180} \times 100 = 15\%$$

So, 2.7 is 15% of 18

$$\begin{aligned}
 Q7 \quad \text{So, we know } n(A \cap B) &= n(A) + n(B) - n(A \cup B) \\
 &= 17 + 23 - 38 \\
 &= 40 - 38 = 2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore n(A \cap B) = 2$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 5A \\
 \times A \\
 \hline
 399
 \end{array}$$

As we know $A \times A = 9$ and
 \therefore Possible values are 3 & 7

So, taking 7 into consideration we get = $57 \times 7 = 399$
 $\therefore A = 7$

Q9	No. of men	30	x
	No. of days	24	12

As they vary inversely = $30 \times 24 = x \times 12$
 $= x = \frac{30 \times 24}{12}$

$x = 60$

So, 60 men will complete the work in 12 days

Q10 a) commutative law of addition

Q11 $\frac{2}{3}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$

Converting to like fraction we get

$\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{100}{100} = \frac{200}{300}$ So, required no.'s are

$\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{75}{75} = \frac{225}{300}$ $\frac{201}{300}, \frac{202}{300}, \frac{203}{300}$

Q12 $(12)^{-2} \times 4^3$

$= \frac{1}{12^2} \times 64$

$= \frac{64 \times 4}{144 \times 9} = \frac{4}{9}$

Q13 Length of rope = 36 No. of pieces = 12
 Length of each piece = $\frac{36}{12}$

Q14 $\frac{8}{7}, \frac{-9}{8}, \frac{-3}{2}, 0, \frac{2}{5}$

Converting into like fractions we get

$$\frac{8 \times 40}{7 \times 40} = \frac{320}{280}$$

So, in descending order we get

$$\frac{-9 \times 35}{8 \times 35} = \frac{-315}{280}$$

$$\frac{320}{280} > \frac{112}{280} > 0 > \frac{-315}{280} > \frac{-420}{280}$$

$$\frac{-3 \times 140}{2 \times 140} = \frac{-420}{280}$$

$$\therefore \frac{8}{7} > \frac{2}{5} > 0 > \frac{-9}{8} > \frac{-3}{2}$$

$$\frac{2 \times 56}{5 \times 56} = \frac{112}{280}$$

Q15 Additive inverse of $7 = -7$

Multiplicative inverse of $7 = \frac{1}{7}$

$$\text{Sum} = -7 + \frac{1}{7} = \frac{-49+1}{7} = \frac{-48}{7}$$

Q16 Perimeter = $8y^2 - 9y + 4$ (Sum of 3 sides)

Two sides = $3y^2 - 5y$ and $4y^2 + 12$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Third side} &= 8y^2 - 9y + 4 - (3y^2 - 5y + 4y^2 + 12) \\ &= 8y^2 - 9y + 4 - 3y^2 + 5y - 4y^2 - 12 \\ &= 8y^2 - 3y^2 - 4y^2 - 9y + 5y - 12 + 4 \\ &= y^2 - 4y - 8 \end{aligned}$$

So, third side is $y^2 - 4y - 8$

Q197 A can do a piece of work in 20 days
B can do a piece of work in 15 days

A does in 1 day = $\frac{1}{20}$ Total = $\frac{7}{60}$

B does in 1 day = $\frac{1}{15}$

Together in 6 days = ~~60~~ $\frac{7}{60} \times 6 = \frac{42}{60}$

Work left = $1 - \frac{42}{60} = \frac{60-42}{60} = \frac{18}{60}$

The B can do it in = $\frac{3}{10} \times \frac{1}{15}$

= $\frac{3}{10} \times \frac{1}{15} = \frac{3}{150} = \frac{1}{50} = \frac{9}{2} = 4.5$

So, he can do in 4.5 days

