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Holiday Homework

① In which hemisphere is India located?

Ans: Northern hemisphere

② What is latitudinal extent of India?

Ans: $8^{\circ}4'N - 37^{\circ}6'N$

③ What is longitudinal extent of India?

Ans: $68^{\circ}7'E - 97^{\circ}25'E$

④ Which tropic divides India into 2 equal halves?

Ans: Tropic of Cancer

⑤ Name two island groups of India.

Ans: Andaman & Nicobar Islands (East)
Lakshadweep (West)

⑥ What is total land area of India?

Ans: 3.28 million km^2

⑦ Which countries are bigger in size than India?

Ans: 6 :- Russia, Canada, USA, China, Brazil, Australia

⑧ What is total length of coastline of mainland including 2 islands?

Ans: 7516.6 km

⑨ Which two seas are located in India?

Ans: Bay of Bengal (East)
Arabian Sea (West)

10) What is time lag between Gujarat & Arunachal Pradesh ?

Ans > 2 hours

11) What is standard meridian of India ?

Ans > $82^{\circ}30' E$

12) From where does standard meridian of India pass ?

Ans > Mirzapur, Uttar Pradesh

13) Why $82^{\circ}30' E$ has been selected as standard meridian of India ?

Ans > As it passes from almost centre of India.

14) Do you justify Indian Ocean's name after it ?

Ans > Yes. As no other country has such a long coastline on Indian Ocean.

15) How many states & U.T India has ?

Ans > 28 states and 8 U.T

16) Which is smallest state & largest one India have ?

Ans > Goa ; Rajasthan

17) Name states which doesnot have internal border or lie on coast ?

MP, Chhattisgarh, Haryana, Jharkhand

18) Which states share border with Pakistan

Ans > Jammu Kashmir, Himachal, Uttarakhand, Sikkim, Arunachal Pradesh

19) Which states of India share boundary with China?

Ans > Jammu & Kashmir, Himachal Pradesh, Uttarakhand, Sikkim & Arunachal Pradesh.

20) Which states share border with Myanmar?

Ans > Mizoram, Manipur, Nagaland & Arunachal Pradesh.

21) What states share border with Bangladesh?

Ans > West Bengal, Assam, Meghalaya, Tripura and Mizoram.

22) Which countries share border with India?

Ans > Pakistan, Afghanistan, China, Nepal, Bhutan, Myanmar, Bangladesh.

23) Which two island countries are India's neighbour?

Ans > Sri Lanka and Maldives.

24) Which water bodies separate Sri Lanka from India?

Ans > Palk Strait, Gulf of Mannar.

25) Name eastern coastal states of India.

Ans > Tamil Nadu, Andhra Pradesh, Odisha, West Bengal.

26) Name western coastal states of India.

Ans > Kerala, Karnataka, Goa, Maharashtra, Gujarat.

(27) If you visit to Karasathi which union territory you will be going to?

Ans > Lakshadweep island in Arabian sea

(28) Name states passing through Tropic of Cancer?

Ans > Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh, Chhattisgarh, Jharkhand, West Bengal, Tripura & Mizoram.

(29) Nepal has common frontiers with?

Ans > Uttarakhand, UP, Bihar, West Bengal, Sikkim

(30) Name place situated on three seas in India.

Ans > Kanyakumari

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PHYSICAL FEATURES

(1) How can you say our country is vast with varied landforms?

Ans > Mountains, plains, deserts, plateaus, ghats, coastal plains, islands and all the physical features are present here.

(2) Which factors modified relief features of India?

Ans > Weathering, Erosion, Deposition, etc.

(3) What is Tectonic Plate Theory?

Ans > Crust of Earth has been formed out of

plates and their movement of plates leading to folding, faulting is Theory of Plate Tectonics

④ What is Gondwana land?

Ans > Land including India, Australia, South Africa, America, Antarctica was single mass.

⑤ What was result of collision of Indo-Australian plate with Eurasia plate?

Ans > Emergence of Himalaya

⑥ What is other name of Himadri?

Ans > Greater or Inner Himalayas

⑦ Highest peak of Himalayas is?

Ans > Mount Everest

⑧ Highest peak of Himalayas in India is?

Ans > Kanchenjunga

⑨ Name some high peaks of Himalayas

Ans > Dhaulagiri, Kanchenjunga, Nanda Devi, Nanga Parbat

⑩ Name important passes of Himalayas?

Ans > Karakoram pass, Shipkila Pass, Bomdila

⑪ Where is Himalayan range 'Himachal'?

Ans > South of Himadri

⑫ Name few famous valley in Himachal?

Ans > Kashmir, Kangra and Kullu valley.

(13) Name outermost range of Himalaya?

Ans > Shiwalika

(14) What is avg. width & altitude of shivalik?

Ans > Width - 10-50 km

Altitude - 900-1100 m

(15) What are Duns?

Ans > The longitudinal valleys present between Himachal & Shiwalika is Duns.

(16) Name some well known Duns?

Ans > Dehra Dun, Kottidun, Patti Dun.

(17) Which hills are called Purvanchal hills?

Ans > Mizo hills, Naga hills, Manipur Hills, Patkai Hills, Khasi Hills, Garo Hills and Jaintia Hills

(18) How are Purvanchal formed?

Ans > These hills are comprised of sandstones and sedimentary rock covered by dense forest.

(19) What are three main rivers helping in formation of plains?

Ans > Indus, Ganga and Brahmaputra

(20) What are distributaries?

Ans > Rivers in lower course split into various channels called distributaries.