

MCQ

1. Most of the grasslands of the world lie

a) between latitude $23\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ N and $23\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ S

b) north latitude $66\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ N and south of latitude ~~66~~ $66\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ S

c) between latitude $23\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ N and $66\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ N, and between latitude $23\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ S and $66\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ S

d) Near the poles

2. The grassland in North America are known as the

a) prairies b) pampas c) savannas d) downs

3. The natural vegetation in the prairies consists of:

a) dense forest of tall trees with grass growing below.

b) plenty of grass and a number of tall trees

c) plenty of grass and very few trees

d) wheat crop

4. In which part of the prairies are most of the ranches present?

a. north b. south c. west d. east

How? A. Fill in the blanks.
"Now"

- 1) Most grasslands lie in the temperate zone.
- 2) ~~Prairies~~ ^{The} hot and cold rivers flow through the prairies.
- 3) ~~The~~ Prairies have Mississippi summers and Missouri winters.
- 4) The main crop grown in the prairies is wheat.
- 5) Large farms in the western part of the prairies, used to rear cattle, are known as ranches.

B. Match the columns.

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|-------------|-------------------|
| 1. Steppes | a. North America |
| 2. Veld | b. South America |
| 3. Downs | c. Russia |
| 4. Prairies | d. Australia |
| 5. Pampas | e. Central Africa |
| 6. Savannas | f. South Africa |
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