

HW
29.6.21

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Revision Exercise

(i)

108	288	2	36	420	11
	-216			-396	
	72	108	1	24	36
		-72			-24
		36	72	2	12
			-72		24
			x		x

HCF = 12.

(ii)

36	54	1
	-36	
	18	36
		-36
	x/18	138
		126
		12
		18
		-12
		6
		12
		-12
		x

HCF = 6

$$\begin{array}{r|l}
 2 & 72 \quad 80 \quad 252 \\
 2 & 36 \quad 40 \quad 126 \\
 2 & 18 \quad 20 \quad 63 \\
 3 & 9 \quad 10 \quad 63 \\
 3 & 3 \quad 10 \quad 21 \\
 & 1 \quad 10 \quad 7
 \end{array}$$

$$LCM = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 7 \times 10 = 5040.$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l}
 2 & 48 \quad 66 \quad 120 \\
 2 & 24 \quad 33 \quad 60 \\
 2 & 12 \quad 33 \quad 30 \\
 3 & 6 \quad 33 \quad 15 \\
 & 2 \quad 11 \quad 5
 \end{array}$$

$$LCM = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 2 \times 11 \times 5 = 2640.$$

3 ans - True - because the prime nos. have no common factor except 1.

(ii) True - Because co prime numbers have no common factor except 1.

(iii) True - Because the prime nos. have no common factor except 1.

(iv) True - Because coprime nos. have no common factor except 1.

4. ans - Product of 2 nos. = Product of their HCF and L.C.M.

$$12096 = 36 \times \text{LCM}$$

$$\text{LCM} = \frac{12096}{36} = 336$$

5. ans - Product of 2 nos. = Product of their HCF and LCM.

$$= 1^{\text{st}} \text{ nos} \times 2^{\text{nd}} \text{ nos} = \text{Product of their HCF and LCM}$$

$$= 48 \times 2^{\text{nd}} = 1152$$

$$= 2^{\text{nd}} \text{ nos} = \frac{1152}{48} = 24$$

6. (i) ans - LCM =

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 2 & 28, 42 \\ \hline 7 & 14, 21 \\ \hline & 2 \quad 3 \end{array}$$

$$\text{LCM of } 28 \text{ and } 42 = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 7 = 84$$

(ii) ans = HCF =

$$\begin{array}{r|l}
 28 & 42 & 1 \\
 \hline
 & -28 & \\
 \hline
 & 14 & \\
 \hline
 & 28 & 2 \\
 & -28 & \\
 \hline
 & & \\
 & \times &
 \end{array}$$

HCF of 28 and 42 = 14.

Ans - LCM of 140 and 168.

$$\begin{array}{r|ll}
 2 & 140 & 168 \\
 \hline
 2 & 70 & 84 \\
 \hline
 7 & 35 & 42 \\
 \hline
 & 5 & 6
 \end{array}$$

$$= 2 \times 2 \times 7 \times 5 \times 6 = 840.$$

Product of 2 nos = Product of their HCF and LCM.

$$HCF = \frac{1^{st} \text{ no.} \times 2^{nd} \text{ no.}}{LCM}$$

$$HCF = \frac{140 \times 168}{840} = 28.$$

8. ans- HCF of 108 and 450.

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 108 & 450 \\ \hline & -432 \\ \hline & 18 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r|l} 108 & 6 \\ \hline & -108 \\ \hline & 0 \end{array}$$

$$X = 18$$

Product of 2 no. = Product of their HCF and LCM.

$$\text{LCM} = \frac{\text{1st no.} \times \text{2nd no.}}{\text{HCF}}$$

$$\text{LCM} = \frac{108 \times 450}{18} = 2700$$