

# Daily Homework - 16/07

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$$1) \text{ Given } 600 \text{ kg/m}^3 = \frac{600 \text{ kg}}{1 \text{ m}^3} = \frac{600 \times 10^6 \text{ g}}{10^6 \times 10^6 \times 10^6 \text{ cm}^3}$$

$$= 0.6 \text{ g/cm}^3.$$

$$2) \text{ Mass of wood} = 150 \text{ g}$$

$$\text{Volume of wood} = 200 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$2) \text{ Density} = \frac{m}{V} = \frac{\frac{3}{4} \text{ g}}{\frac{250}{4} \text{ cm}^3} = \frac{3}{250} \text{ g/cm}^3 \quad (\text{CGS unit})$$

$$\frac{3}{4} \text{ g/cm}^3 = \frac{3}{4} \times 10^6 \text{ kg/cm}^3$$

$$= 750 \text{ kg/cm}^3. \quad (\text{SI unit}).$$

$$3) \text{ Given,}$$

$$\rightarrow \text{mass} = 72 \text{ g}$$

$$\rightarrow \text{Initial Volume of water} = 24 \text{ ml.}$$

$$\rightarrow \text{final Volume of water} = 42 \text{ ml.}$$

$$\therefore \text{Volume of solid} = 42 \text{ ml} - 24 \text{ ml.}$$

$$= 18 \text{ ml.}$$

$$2) \text{ Density} = \frac{M}{V} = \frac{72}{18 \text{ cm}^3} = 4 \text{ g/cm}^3.$$

A density bottle is a glass instrument used to find the density of any liquid. The bottle has a stopper and a glass body. When liquid is inserted in side it, it stores a fixed amount and rest of it drains out through the hole in its stopper. It is generally found of volume 50 ml / 25 ml.