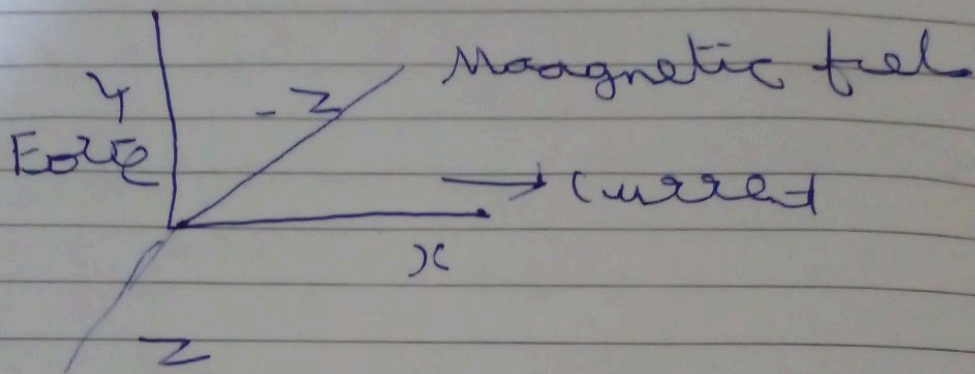


8th July

Moving charges & Magnetism

2. Using Fleming's Left Hand Rule, According to this rule, we have to keep our fingers in following direction.



Since the alpha particles are in ^+x -axis, the direction of current will be along x -axis. Magnetic force is along y -axis. Hence magnetic field will be in negative z -direction.

3. One Tesla is the magnetic field in which a charge of 1C moving with a velocity of 1ms⁻¹ normal to magnetic field, experience a force of 1N

$$B = \frac{F}{qv \sin \theta}$$

$$F = 1N, \quad q = 1C, \quad v = 1ms^{-1}, \quad \theta = 90^\circ$$

$$S.I \text{ units of } B = \frac{1N}{1C \cdot 1ms^{-1} \sin 90}$$

$$1N \cdot A^{-1} \cdot m^{-1} = 1 \text{ Tesla}$$

4. Mass of Electron is low as compared to proton. Hence when both enter into uniform magnetic region, the electron will move in a circular path with higher frequency. In opposite direction to current

Electron will move with higher frequency

8x

5. Normal-Circular
At an angle of 30° - Helical
Path