

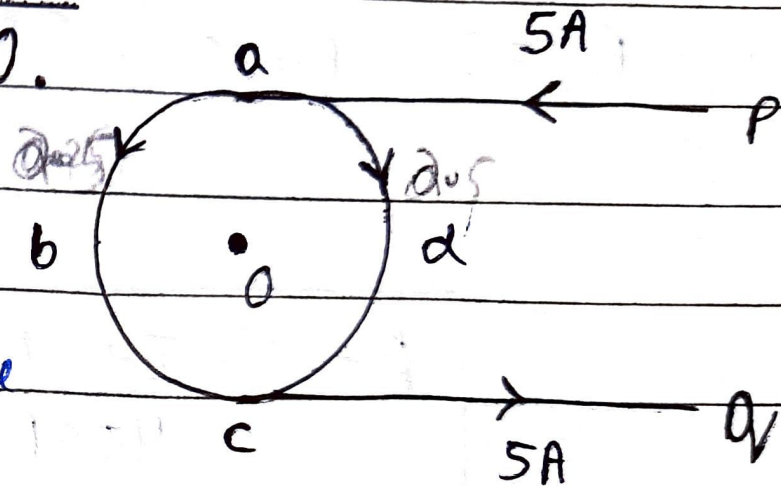
Home Assignment

①

Find the magnetic induction at O.

$$r = 0.05 \text{ m}$$

Current



The Magnetic field induction at O due to current through circular coil

abcd will be zero. Because magnetic field induction at O due to current through segment abc of the coil is equal and opposite to that adc.

B induction due to current through long straight conductor PQ

$$B_1 = \frac{\mu_0 I}{4\pi r} (\sin 90^\circ + \sin 0^\circ) = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi r} = 10^{-7} \times \frac{8}{5 \times 10^{-2}} = 10^{-5} \text{ T}$$

Outward normally on the plane of paper through CA' ,

$$B_2 = \frac{\mu_0 I}{4\pi r} (\sin 90^\circ + \sin 0^\circ) = 10^{-7} \times \frac{5}{5 \times 10^{-2}} = 10^{-5} T$$

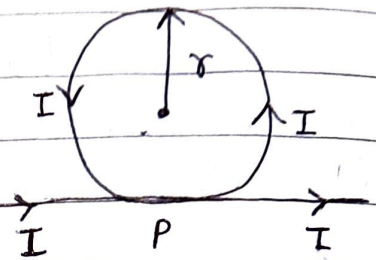
Total magnetic field induction at O

$$B = B_1 + B_2 = 10^{-5} + 10^{-5} = \boxed{2 \times 10^{-5}} \text{ Normally outward to the plane of paper.}$$

- (2) What will be the magnitude and direction of the field at the center O .

Field due to straight conductor

$$B_1 = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi r}, \text{ up the plane of the paper}$$



Field due to circular loop at point O

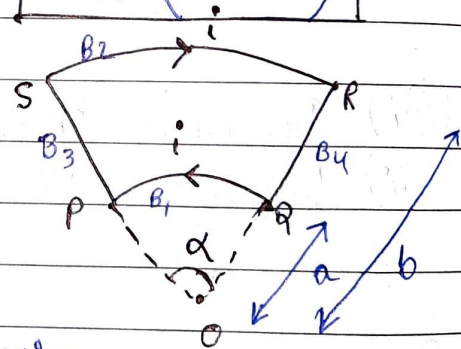
$$B_2 = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2r}, \text{ up the plane of paper}$$

$$\text{Total } B_1 + B_2 = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi r} + \frac{\mu_0 I}{2r} = \boxed{\frac{\mu_0 I}{2r} \left(1 + \frac{1}{\pi}\right)}$$

- (3) Find \vec{B} at the center O .

$$B_1 = \frac{\mu_0 i a}{4\pi a} \quad B_2 = \frac{\mu_0 i a}{4\pi b}$$

(outward) (inward)

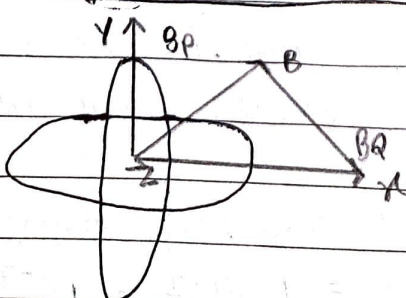


$B_3 = 0 \quad B_4 = 0$ } O is along straight wire

$$B_{\text{net}} = B_1 - B_2 = \frac{\mu_0 i a}{4\pi} \left[\frac{1}{a} - \frac{1}{b} \right]$$

$$\boxed{B = \frac{\mu_0 I a (b-a)}{4\pi a b}}$$

- (4)



$$B_1 = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi R} = \frac{\mu_0}{2\pi R}$$

$$B_2 = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi R} = \frac{\mu_0 \sqrt{3}}{2\pi R}$$

$$B = \sqrt{B_p^2 + B_a^2} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\mu_0}{2\pi R}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\mu_0 \sqrt{3}}{2\pi R}\right)^2}$$

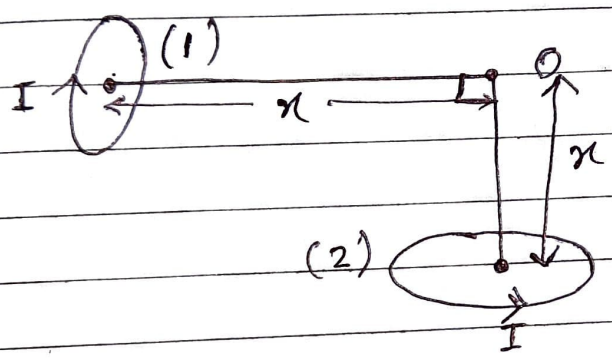
$$= \frac{\mu_0}{2\pi R} \sqrt{4} = \frac{\mu_0}{4R}$$

$$\tan \beta = \frac{AB}{B} = \frac{\mu_0}{\frac{\mu_0 \sqrt{3}}{2\pi R}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\beta = 30^\circ \text{ Ans}$$

The direction of net magnetic field is 30° with the x-direction.

5



Find mag and dir of net \vec{B} at O .

B due to circular loop

$$= \frac{\mu_0 2\pi R^2 I}{4\pi (x^2 + R^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$|\vec{B}| = \frac{\mu_0 R^2 I}{2(x^2 + R^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$|\vec{B}_{\text{net}}| = \sqrt{2} |\vec{B}| = \frac{\sqrt{2} \mu_0 R^2 I}{2(x^2 + R^2)^{3/2}}$$

direction is along $\frac{-\hat{i} - \hat{j}}{\sqrt{2}}$