

HW  
22/12/2021

Q- Factor's affecting distribution of population

Physical factors (Relief (Shape height of land))	High density Plains are suitable for farming.	Low density mountains and slopes do not provide much scope for agriculture
Climate	Areas with equable and moderate climate tend to be densely populated	Place experience extreme cold heat etc are inhospitable permanent settlements
Water	People prefer to live in the area where fresh water is available all the major river valleys	Deserts which dry are sparsely populated
Resources	Areas rich in resources like coal, oil, fishing tend to be	Areas with less resources tend to be sparsely populated

Human factors

Political

High density

countries with

Stable government

tend to have

denser population

low density

countries:

with government

which engage

in frequent

elections to have

strong population

growth.

Social

countries with

Stable government

better education

Areas with

Poor access

to facilities like

health care and

education tend

Economic

Places with industries

that provide

abundant employ-

ment opportunities

and electricity

tend to be

more densely

populated.

lack of

infrastructure

facilities results

in sparse

population.