

~~27. x. 21~~  
FUNDAMENTAL CONCEPTS (18-A)

I. Express each of the following statements in algebraic form:

i) The Sum of 8 and  $x$  is equal to  $y$ .  $8+x=y$

ii)  $x$  decreased by 5 is equal to  $y$ .  $x-5=y$

iii) The Sum of 2 and  $x$  is greater than  $y$ .  $2+x>y$

iv) The Sum of  $x$  and  $y$  is less than 24.  $x+y<24$

v) 15 multiplied by  $m$  gives  $3n$ .  $15 \times m = 3n$

vi) Product of 8 and  $y$  is equal to  $3x$ .  $8 \times y = 3x$

vii) 30 divided by  $b$  is equal to  $p$ .  $30 \div b = p$

viii)  $z$  decreased by  $3x$  is equal to  $y$ .  $z-3x=y$

ix) 12 times of  $x$  is equal to  $5z$ .  $12 \times x = 5z$

x) 12 times of  $x$  is greater than  $5z$ .  $12 \times x > 5z$

xi) 12 times of  $x$  is less than  $5z$ .  $12 \times x < 5z$

xii) 32 subtracted from 45 is equal to  $y$ .  $45-32=y$

xiii)  $8x$  divided by  $y$  is equal to  $2z$ .  $8x \div y = 2z$

xiv)  $7y$  subtracted from  $5x$  gives  $8z$ .  $5x - 7y = 8z$

xv)  $7y$  decreased by  $5x$  gives  $8z$ .  $7y - 5x = 8z$

2. For each of the following algebraic expressions, write a suitable statement in words :

i)  $3x + 8 = 15$  : The sum of  $3x$  and 8 is equal to 15.

ii)  $7 - y > x$  :  $7$  decreased by  $y$  is greater than  $x$ .

iii)  $2y - x < 12$  :  $2y$  decreased by  $x$  is less than 12.

iv)  $5 \div z = 5$  :  $5$  divided by  $z$  is equal to 5.

v)  $a + 2b > 18$  :  $a$  increased by  $2b$  is greater than 18.

vi)  $2x - 3y = 16$  :  $2x$  decreased by  $3y$  is equal to 16.

vii)  $3a - 4b > 14$  :  $3a$  decreased by  $4b$  is greater than 14.

viii)  $b + 7a < 21$  :  $b$  increased by  $7a$  is less than 21.

ix)  $(16 + 2a) - x > 25$  : The sum of 16 and  $2a$  decreased by  $x$  is greater than 25.

x)  $(3x + 12) - y < 3x$  : The sum of  $3x$  and 12 decreased by  $y$  is less than  $3x$ .