

Answer the following -:

1. Prior to 1992 South Africa practised a form of Racial discrimination. What is it termed as?

Ans - Prior to 1992, South Africa practised a form of Racial discrimination known as Apartheid.

2. What is the title of Nelson Mandela's autobiography?

Ans - Nelson Mandela's autobiography is known as - Long walk to freedom

3. What do you understand by the term "Apartheid"?

Ans - The official policy of racial separation and ill treatment of blacks followed by the government of South Africa between 1948 and 1989.

4. Name the chairman of the drafting committee of the constitution of India.

Ans - Dr. BR Ambedkar was the chairman of the drafting committee of the constitution of India.



5. What does the word secular mean according to the Indian constitution?

Ans- The term 'Secular' means being separate from religion, or having no religious bases.

6. Name the first captain of the Indian Hockey team who was a member of the constituent assembly?

Ans- Jaipul Singh Munda was the first captain of the IHT who was a member of the constituent assembly.

7. Why is India called a republic?

Ans- Since India is a country in which supreme power is held by the people and their elected representative, which has an elected or nominated president, India is called a republic.

8. In which Magazine did Gandhiji discuss his ideas about constitution and its working?

Ans- Mahatma Gandhi, in his magazine Young ~~It~~ India in 1931, spelled out the values and ideals for the constitution.



9. What is ~~the~~ meant by the term socialist

Ans- A socialist is someone who supports a political or economic philosophy that says society as a whole, rather than private companies should own or control various goods and services.

10. What is preamble? Explain any five major ideals enshrined in the preamble ~~to~~ to the Indian Constitution.

Ans- The preamble is the introduction to the Constitution. It contains the philosophy on which the entire Constitution has been build. It provides a standard to examine and evaluate any law and action of the govt. The major ideals enshrined in the Preamble of the Indian Constitution are -:

(i) We ~~got~~ the people of India, The constitution has been drawn up and enacted by the people through their representatives and not handed to them by a king or any outside power.

(ii) Sovereign - People have supreme right to



make decisions on internal as well as external matters.

(iii) Socialist - Wealth is generated socially and should be shared equally by the society.

(iv) Secular - Citizens have complete freedom to follow any religion.

(v) Democratic - A form of govt. where people enjoy equal rights, elect the rulers and hold themselves accountable.