

Power of Prime Minister

1. He chairs Cabinet meetings.
2. He coordinate the work of different department.
3. His decision are final in case disagreements arise between departments.
4. He exercises general supervision of different ministries.
5. All ministers work under his leadership.
6. The Prime Minister distributes and redistribute work to the ministers.
7. He has the power to dismiss ministers.
8. When the Prime Minister quits, the entire ministry quits. Thus, if the Cabinet is the most powerful institution in India, within the Cabinet it is the Prime Minister ^{who} is the most powerful.

Power of President of India :-

1. The President of India is the head of the State.
2. He exercises only nominal powers. He is like the queen of Britain whose functions are to a large extent ceremonial.
3. The President supervises the overall functioning of all the political institutions.
4. All government activities take place in the name of the President.
5. All laws and major policy decisions of the government are issued in his/her name.

6. All major appointments are made in the name of the President. These include the appointment of the Chief Justice of India, the Judges of the Supreme Court and the High Courts, the Governors of the States, the Election Commissioners, ambassadors to other countries etc.
7. All International treaties and agreements are made in the name of the President.
8. The President is the Supreme Commander of the defence force of India.