

ASSIGNMENT

1 Let the sum be Rs. x . Then,

$$P \left[\left(1 + \frac{R}{100} \right)^n - 1 \right]$$
$$= x \left[\left(1 + \frac{10}{100} \right)^2 - 1 \right] = 525$$
$$= x \left[\left(\frac{11}{10} \right)^2 - 1 \right] = 525$$
$$= x \left[\frac{121 - 100}{100} \right] = 525$$

$$= \cancel{x} \frac{21x}{100} = 525$$

$$= 21x = 52500$$

$$= x = 2500$$

For S.I., $P = \text{Rs } 2500$, $R\% = 5$ p.a and $T = 4$ years

$$\text{Then S.I.} = \frac{2500 \times 5 \times 4}{100} = \text{₹ } 500/-$$

2 Principal = Rs 4000

time = 2 years

Rate = 10%.

$$CI = P \left[\left(1 + \frac{r}{100} \right)^n - 1 \right]$$
$$= 4000 \left[\left(1 + \frac{10}{100} \right)^2 - 1 \right]$$
$$= 4000 \left[\left(\frac{11}{10} \right)^2 - 1 \right]$$
$$= 4000 \left[\frac{121 - 100}{100} \right]$$

$$= 4000 \times \frac{21}{100} = 840$$

$$\text{S.I.} \Rightarrow \frac{840}{2} = \frac{24x}{100}$$

$$\Rightarrow 48x = 84000$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{84000}{48} = 1750$$

∴ The sum placed on simple interest is 1750

3 60% ~~ind~~ increase in 6 years, so rate is 10%.

Compound interest on Rs 12000 at 10% for 3 years

$$= 12000 \left[1 + \frac{10}{100} \right]^3$$
$$= 15972$$

Compound interest = Amount - Principal

$$= 15972 - 12000$$

$$CI = \text{₹ } 3972 /-$$

4 Principal = 15000/-

Time = 2 years

Rate of interest = R

~~The~~ Here is the explanation:-

$$\Rightarrow \left[15000 \times \left(1 + \frac{R^2}{100} \right)^2 - 1 \right] - \left[\frac{15000 \times R \times 2}{100} \right] = 96$$

$$\Rightarrow 15000 \left[\left(1 + \frac{R}{100} \right)^2 - 1 - \frac{2R}{100} \right] = 96$$

$$\Rightarrow 15000 \left[\frac{(100+R)^2 - 10000 - (200 \times R)}{10000} \right] = 96$$

$$\Rightarrow R^2 = \left[\frac{96 \times 2}{3} \right] = 64$$

$$\Rightarrow R = 8$$

\therefore Rate of interest = 8%.