

Exercise-4(A)

① find the cube of

i) 7

$$\Rightarrow 7^3 = 7 \times 7 \times 7 = 343$$

ii) 11

$$\Rightarrow 11^3 = 11 \times 11 \times 11 = 1331$$

iii) 16

$$\Rightarrow 16^3 = 16 \times 16 \times 16 = 4096$$

iv) 23

$$\Rightarrow 23^3 = 23 \times 23 \times 23 = 12,167$$

v) 31

$$\Rightarrow 31^3 = 31 \times 31 \times 31 = 29,791$$

vi) 42

$$\Rightarrow 42^3 = 42 \times 42 \times 42 = 74,088$$

vii) 54

$$\Rightarrow 54^3 = 54 \times 54 \times 54 = 157,464$$

② find which of the following are perfect cubes?

i) 243

$$\Rightarrow \underline{3 \times 3} \times \underline{3 \times 3 \times 3} \text{ (Not)} \quad \begin{array}{r|l} 2 & 388 \\ \hline & 299 \end{array}$$

here the pm 3 is not triplet

ii) $388 = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 7 \times 7$ (Not) $\begin{array}{r|l} 7 & 147 \\ \hline & 49 \end{array}$

Here the pm 2 and 3, 7 are not in triplet.

Hence 388 is not a perfect cube.

perfect cube

iii) 1331

11	1331
11	121
11	11

$\Rightarrow 1331 = 11 \times 11 \times 11$
 here prime factors 11
 11 is a perfect cube.

iv) 24000

$\Rightarrow 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5$ (Not)

here prime no 2, 3 are not in triplets. hence 24000 is not a perfect cube.

v) 1728 =

$\Rightarrow 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3$ (yes)

here prime factors 2, 3 is a perfect cube.

vi) 1938 =

$\Rightarrow 2 \times 3 \times 17 \times 19$ (Not)

here 2, 3, 17, 19 are not in triplets. hence 1938 is not a perfect cube.

3) Find the cubes of.

i) 2.1

$\Rightarrow (2.1)^3 = 2.1 \times 2.1 \times 2.1 = 9.261$

ii) 0.4

$\Rightarrow (0.4)^3 = 0.4 \times 0.4 \times 0.4 = 0.064$

iii) 1.6

$\Rightarrow (1.6)^3 = 1.6 \times 1.6 \times 1.6 = 4.096$

iv) 2.5

$\Rightarrow (2.5)^3 = 2.5 \times 2.5 \times 2.5 = 15.625$

vi) 0.12

$$\Rightarrow (0.12)^3 = 0.12 \times 0.12 \times 0.12 = 0.001728$$

vii) 0.02

$$\Rightarrow (0.02)^3 = 0.02 \times 0.02 \times 0.02 = 0.000008$$

viii) 0.8

$$\Rightarrow (0.8)^3 = 0.8 \times 0.8 \times 0.8 = 0.512$$

ix) Find the cubes of

i)

$$\frac{3}{7}$$

the cube of

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{3}{7}\right)^3 = \frac{3}{7} \times \frac{3}{7} \times \frac{3}{7} = \frac{3^3}{7^3} = \frac{27}{343}$$

ii)

$$\frac{8}{9}$$

the cube of

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{8}{9}\right)^3 = \frac{8}{9} \times \frac{8}{9} \times \frac{8}{9} = \frac{512}{729}$$

iii)

$$\frac{10}{13}$$

the cube of

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{10}{13}\right)^3 = \frac{10}{13} \times \frac{10}{13} \times \frac{10}{13} = \frac{1000}{2197}$$

iv)

$$\frac{9}{7}$$

the cube of

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{9}{7}\right)^3 = \left(\frac{9}{7}\right)^3 = \frac{729}{343} = 2\frac{43}{343}$$

v)

$$2\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{The cube of } \left(2\frac{1}{2}\right)^3 = \left(\frac{5}{2}\right)^3 = \frac{5^3}{2^3} = \frac{125}{8}$$

5) find the cubes of.

i) the cube of $-3 = (-3)^3 = (-3) \times (-3) \times (-3) = -27$

ii) the cube of $-7 = (-7)^3 = (-7) \times (-7) \times (-7) = -343$

iii) the cube of $-12 = (-12)^3 = (-12) \times (-12) \times (-12) = -1728$

iv) the cube of $-18 = (-18)^3 = (-18) \times (-18) \times (-18) = -5832$

v) the cube of $-25 = (-25)^3 = (-25) \times (-25) \times (-25) = -15625$

vi) the cube of $-30 = (-30)^3 = (-30) \times (-30) \times (-30) = -27000$

vii) the cube of $-50 = (-50)^3 = (-50) \times (-50) \times (-50) = -125,000$

6) Which of the following are cube of.

i) the cube of even no is even

ii) the cube of odd no is odd

$$\begin{aligned} 216 &= \cancel{2 \times 2 \times 2} \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \\ &= (2 \times 3) \times (2 \times 3) \times (2 \times 3) \\ &= 6 \times 6 \times 6 \\ &= 6^3 \end{aligned}$$

an even no.

$$\begin{aligned} 729 &= 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \\ &= (3 \times 3) \times (3 \times 3) \times (3 \times 3) \\ &= 9 \times 9 \times 9 \\ &= 9^3 \end{aligned}$$

an odd no.

$$\begin{aligned}
 3375 &= 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \\
 &= (3 \times 3) \times (3 \times 3) \times (3 \times 3) \\
 &= 15 \times 15 \times 15 \\
 &= 15^3 \\
 &= \text{in odd no.}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 8000 &= 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5 \\
 &= (2 \times 2 \times 5) \times (2 \times 2 \times 5) \times (2 \times 2 \times 5) \\
 &= 20 \times 20 \times 20 \\
 &= 20^3 \text{ (even)} \\
 &= \text{e}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 125 &= 5 \times 5 \times 5 \\
 &= 5^3 = \text{(odd)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 343 &= 7 \times 7 \times 7 \\
 &= 7^3 = \text{(odd)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 4096 &= (2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2) \times (2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2) \times (2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2) \\
 &= (2 \times 2 \times 2) \times (2 \times 2 \times 2) \times (2 \times 2 \times 2) \times (2 \times 2 \times 2) \\
 &= 8 \times 8 \times 8 \times 8 \\
 &= 16 \times 16 \times 16 = 16^3 \\
 &= \text{even}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 9261 &= 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7 \\
 &= (3 \times 7) \times (3 \times 7) \times (3 \times 7) \\
 &= 21 \times 21 \times 21 \\
 &= 21^3 = \text{odd}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2) 1323 = 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 7 \times 7 \quad \sqrt{1323}$$

here 7 is not in triplet.

therefore 7 is the least no. by which 1323 must be multiplied so, that the product is perfect cube.

$$3) 8768 \quad \begin{array}{r} 2 \overline{) 8768} \\ \underline{2} \quad 4384 \\ 2 \overline{) 4384} \\ \underline{2} \quad 2192 \\ 2 \overline{) 2192} \\ \underline{2} \quad 1096 \\ 2 \overline{) 1096} \\ \underline{2} \quad 548 \end{array}$$

here 137 is not 2 in triplet therefore 137 .

this smallest no. 137

by which 8768 must be multiplied so, that the quotient is a perfect cube.