

QUADRATIC EQUATIONS 20

① (i) $(x+1)^2 = 2(x-3)$
 $\Rightarrow x^2 + 2x + 1 = 2x - 6$
 $\Rightarrow x^2 + 2x + 1 - 2x + 6 = 0$
 $\Rightarrow x^2 + 7 = 0$

(ii) $x^2 - 2x = (-2)(3-x)$
 $\Rightarrow x^2 - 2x = -6 + 2x$
 $\Rightarrow x^2 - 2x - 2x + 6 = 0$
 $\Rightarrow x^2 + (-4x) + 6 = 0$

(iii) $(x-2)(x+1) = (x-1)(x+3)$
 $\Rightarrow x(x+1) - 2(x+1) = x(x+3) - 1(x+3)$
 $\Rightarrow x^2 + x - 2x + 1 = x^2 + 3x - x - 3$
 $\Rightarrow x^2 - x + 1 - x^2 - 2x + 3$
 $\Rightarrow -3x + 3 = 0$

As, $-3x + 3 = 0$ is not in the form of $ax^2 + bx + c$
 Hence it not follows quadratic equation.

(iv) $(x-3)(2x+1) = x(x+5)$
 $\Rightarrow x(2x+1) - 3(2x+1) = x^2 + 5x$
 $\Rightarrow 2x^2 + x - 6x - 3 = x^2 + 5x$
 $\Rightarrow 2x^2 - x^2 - 5x - 5x - 3$
 $\Rightarrow 1x^2 - 10x - 3$

(v) $(2x-1)(x-3) = (x+5)(x-1)$
 $\Rightarrow 2x(x-3) - 1(x-3) = x(x-1) + 5(x-1)$
 $\Rightarrow 2x^2 - 6x - x + 3 = x^2 - x + 5x - 5$
 $\Rightarrow 2x^2 - 7x + 3 = x^2 + 4x - 5$
 $\Rightarrow 2x^2 - x^2 - 7x + 4x + 3 - 5 = 0$
 $\Rightarrow x^2 - 3x - 2 = 0$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(vi)} \quad x^2 + 3x + 1 &= (x-2)^2 \\ \Rightarrow x^2 + 3x + 1 &= x^2 + 4 - 2x \times 2 \\ \Rightarrow x^2 + 3x + 1 &= x^2 + 4 - 4x \\ \Rightarrow x^2 - x^2 + 3x + 4x + 1 - 4 &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow 7x - 3 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

No, as $7x-3$ is not in the form of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$.

Hence it not follows quadratic equations.

$$\text{(vii)} \quad (x+2)^3 = 2x(x^2-1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow x^3 + 2^3 + 3 \cdot x \cdot 2(x+2) &= 2x^3 - 2x \\ \Rightarrow x^3 + 8 + 6x^2 + 12x &= 2x^3 - 2x \\ \Rightarrow x^3 - 2x^3 + 6x^2 + 12x + 2x &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow -1x^3 + 6x^2 + 14x &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(viii)} \quad x^3 - 4x^2 - x + 1 &= (x-2)^3 \\ \Rightarrow x^3 - 4x^2 - x + 1 &= x^3 - 8 - 3 \times x \times (-2)(x-2) \\ \Rightarrow x^3 - 4x^2 - x + 1 &= x^3 - 8 + 6x(x-2) \\ \Rightarrow x^3 - 4x^2 - x + 1 &= x^3 + 6x^2 - 12x - 8 \\ \Rightarrow x^3 - x^3 - 4x^2 - 6x^2 - x + 12x + 1 + 8 &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow -10x^2 + 11x + 9 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

Let the breadth of the plot be x m

(2)(i) The area of rectangular plot is 528 m^2
The length of the plot = $x(2x+1)$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow x(2x+1) &= 528 \\ \Rightarrow 2x^2 + x &= 528 \\ \Rightarrow 2x^2 + x - 528 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

Let the consecutive integers be x and $(x+1)$

(ii) The product of two consecutive positive integers = 306

Integers =

$$\Rightarrow x(x+1) = 306$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + x - 306 = 0$$

(iii) Let Rohan's age = $x+26$

3 yrs hence,

Rohan's age = $x+3$

Mother's age = $x+26+3$
= $x+29$

It is given that the product of their ~~speed~~ ~~of train~~ ages after 3 yrs is 360

$$(x+3)(x+29) = 360$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + 32x - 273 = 0$$

(iv) Let the speed of train be x km/h.

Time taken to travel 480 km = $\frac{480 \text{ km}}{x}$

In 2nd condition, let the speed of train = $(x-8)$ km/h

It is also given that the train will take 3 hours to cover the same distance.

Therefore, time taken to travel 480 km = $\left(\frac{480}{x-8} + 3\right)$ hrs.

$$\Rightarrow (x-8) \left(\frac{480}{x-8} + 3\right) = 480$$

$$\Rightarrow 480 + 3x - \frac{3840}{x} - 24 = 480$$

$$\Rightarrow 3x^2 - 24x + 3840 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 - 8x + 1280 = 0$$

Speed \times time = distance.