

H.W.
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1. When was BJP formed? Mention its major ideologies?

Ans BJP (Bharatiya Janata Party) was founded in 1980 by reviving the erstwhile Bharatiya Jan Sangh.

Its major ideologies are:-

- ① The party wants to build a strong and modern India by drawing inspiration from India's

ancient culture and values.

* It wants full territorial and political integration of Jammu and Kashmir with India.

* Cultural Nationalism (or 'Hindutva') is an important element in Indian nationhood and politics.

2. Which national party of India opposes imperialism and communalism?

Discuss two of its main features?

Ans. Communist Party of India - Marxist (CPI-M).

→ It was Founded in 1964. Believes in Marxism-Leninism.

→ Supports socialism, secularism and democracy and opposes imperialism and communalism.

→ Accepts democratic elections as a useful and helpful means for securing the objective of socio-economic justice in India.

3. Write about the emergence and objectives of CPI.

Ans CPI was Formed in 1925. Believes in Marxism-Leninism, secularism and democracy. Opposed to the forces of secessionism and communalism.

- Accepts parliamentary democracy as a means of promoting the interests of the working class, farmers and the poor.
- Then became weak after the split in the party in 1964 that led to the formation of the CPI (M)

Q. Examine the objectives of NCP. When did it become a member of the United Progressive Alliance?

Ans Nationalist Congress Party (NCP): Formed in 1999 following a split in the Congress party. Espouses democracy, Gandhian secularism, equity, social justice and federalism.

On 2004, it became a member of the United Progressive Alliance.