

16. What were the reasons for 1905 Revolution?
What was the result?

Ans → The reasons for 1905 Revolution are:

- The year 1904 was a particularly bad one for Russian workers. Prices of essential goods rose so quickly that real wages declined by 20 percent.
- The membership of workers' associations rose dramatically.
- When four members of the Assembly of Russian

Workers, were dismissed at the Putilov Iron Works, there was a call for industrial action.

- Over the next few days over 110,000 workers in St Petersburg went on strike demanding a reduction in the working days to eight hours, an increase in wages and improvement in working conditions.
- When the procession of workers led by Father Gapon reached the Winter Palace it was attacked by the police and the Cossacks. Over 100 workers were killed and about 300 wounded. The incident, known as Bloody Sunday, started a series of events that came to be known as the 1905 Revolution.
- All the people from different fields such as doctors, lawyers, engineers, students and other middle-class workers started to join the strike.

The result of this Revolution was Tsar allowed the creation of an elected consultative Parliament or Duma.

17. What is Duma?

Ans → A consultative elected parliament formed after 1905 Revolution in Russia is called Duma.

18. What was the other name of 1st Petersburg after the war?

Ans → Petrograd

19. What were the effects of first world war in Russia?

Ans → Russia's own industries were few in number and the country was cut off from other suppliers of industrial goods by German control of the Baltic Sea.

- Industrial equipment disintegrated more rapidly in Russia than elsewhere in Europe.

- By 1916, railway lines began to break down.

- Able-bodied men were called up to the war.

As a result, there were labour shortages and small workshops producing essentials were shut down.

- Large supplies of grain were sent to feed the army. For the people in the cities, bread and flour became scarce. By the winter of 1916, riots at bread shops were common.

20. Who were jadidists?

Ans → Jadidists were muslim reformers within the Russian empire who wanted modernised Islam to lead their societies.