- 2. Write the structure of the italicised noun phrases in the following sentences. One has
  - (a) The living room had a huge teak table in the centre. (determiner + adjective + adjective + noun)
  - (b) Arushi is a gifted singer.
  - (c) I need two empty cartons.
  - (d) She made a large fruit pie for dessert.
  - (e) Our new mathematics teacher is from Nagaland.
  - (f) The vivacious princess was famous for her skills in archery.
  - (g) We came up with some interesting ideas for our book stall.
  - (h) The first six people to complete the race will win tickets to the match.
  - 3. Replace the underlined nouns with noun phrases and rewrite the sentences.
    - (a) Shyam is an adventurous boy. Rom
    - (b) We found dogs in our backyard.
    - (c) Dhruv offered juice to them. my intolliment

- (d) Ramesh drives to office every day. his difference
- (e) I am moving to Delhi next month.
- (f) Mother advised Rita to study hard for the exams.
- (g) They decorated the school beautifully for the gala.
- (h) When she is in a bad mood, she doesn't like being around people.

In a sentence, a noun phrase can act as the following:

· Subject

· Object - C

Subject complement

- Object of a verb (Direct and Indirect)
- Object complement

- 4. Underline the noun phrases in the sentences given below. Write S if the noun phrase functions as a subject, DO if it functions as a direct object and INO if it functions as an indirect object.
  - (a) The flower vase was made of shells.
  - (b) She read the little girl a story.
  - (c) Each student received a copy of the map.
  - (d) He served milkshake and cookies to his voung cousins.
  - (e) The entire garden was filled with the smell of roses.
  - (f) He bought a digital watch for his father.
  - (g) The selfish boy refused to share his bicycle with anyone.
  - (h) Gyanvi's mother cooked delicious pudding for all of us.