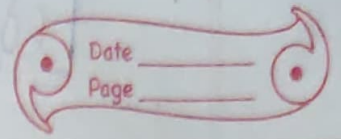


Nationalism in India



14 What was the main point of difference between the Congress and Muslim League?

<u>Congress</u>	<u>Muslim League</u>
* It was considered as a Hindu party by Britishers during divide and rule policy.	* It is only for Muslims to vote.
* It haven't gave separate electorates to Dalits at 1946.	* It also gave right to vote for Dalits Dalits also.

21 Name the writer of Novel Anandamath?

ans Bankim Chandra Chatterjee

37 What did the Spinning wheel in the Swaraj Flag represent?

ans Spinning wheel in the centre representing the Gandhian ideal of self help. By 1921, Gandhiji had designed the Swaraj Flag. Carrying the flag, holding it aloft during marches became a symbol of defiance.

44 How had a variety of cultural processes developed a sense of collective belongings in India during the 19th century? Explain.

ans - The sense of collective belonging came partly through united struggles.

- But there was also a variety of cultural process through which nationalism captured people's imagination.

Folklores

- Ideas of Indian nationalism also developed through a movement to revive folklores. In the mid 19th century, Indian nationalist began recording folksongs sung by bards and they toured villages to gather tales and folk songs.

- These tales they belived, gave a true pic of traditional culture that had been corrupted or damaged by outside forces.

Icons & Symbols

- The identity of image is most often symbolised as a figure

- It was first created by Bankim Chandra Chattopadhyay.

- Moved by ~~swades~~ swades hi movement, Rabindra-
nath Tagore pointed his ~~famouse~~ famouse image.