

3) Find two numbers whose sum is 27 and product is 182.

Sol<sup>n</sup>:- Let the 1<sup>st</sup> number be  $n$ .

The 2<sup>nd</sup> number =  $(27-n)$

According to the question,

$$n(27-n) = 182$$

$$\Rightarrow 27n - n^2 = 182$$

$$\Rightarrow -n^2 + 27n - 182 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow n^2 - 27n + 182 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow n^2 - 14n - 13n + 182 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow n(n-14) - 13(n-14) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (n-14)(n-13) = 0$$

$$\text{If } n-14=0$$

$$n=14$$

$$\text{If } n-13=0$$

$$n=13$$

4) Find two consecutive positive integers, sum of whose squares is 365.

Sol<sup>n</sup>:- Let the two consecutive positive integers be  $n$  and  $n+1$

According to question,

$$n^2 + (n+1)^2 = 365$$

$$\Rightarrow n^2 + n^2 + 2n + 1 = 365$$

$$\Rightarrow 2n^2 + 2n + 1 = 365$$

$$\Rightarrow 2n^2 + 2n - 364 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow n^2 + n - 182 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow n^2 + 14n - 13n - 182 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow n(n+14) - 13(n+14) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (n+14)(n-13) = 0$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \overline{) 182} \\ \underline{7 \phantom{0}} \\ 13 \end{array}$$

If $n+14=0$		If $n-13=0$	$\therefore n=13$ and $n+1=14$
$n=-14$ NOT POSSIBLE		$n=13$	$\therefore$ Two consecutive positive integers are 13 & 14.

5) The altitude of a right triangle is 7cm less than its base. If the hypotenuse is 13cm, find the other two sides.

Sol<sup>n</sup>:- Let the base of the triangle be  $(n)$  cm

The altitude of the triangle =  $(n-7)$  cm

The hypotenuse of the triangle = 13cm

According to pythagorus Theorem,

$$h^2 = b^2 + p^2$$

$$\Rightarrow (13)^2 = n^2 + (n-7)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow 169 = n^2 + n^2 - 14n + 49$$

$$\Rightarrow 2n^2 - 14n + 49 - 169 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 2n^2 - 14n - 120 = 0$$

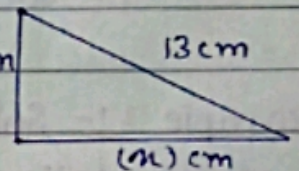
$$\Rightarrow n^2 - 7n - 60 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow n^2 + 5n - 12n - 60 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow n(n+5) - 12(n+5) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (n-12)(n+5) = 0$$

If $n-12=0$		If $n+5=0$
$n=12$		$n=-5$



But length cannot be negative

$\therefore$  Base =  $n = 12$  cm

Altitude =  $n-7 = 12-7 = 5$  cm

6) A cottage industry produces a certain no. of pottery articles in a day. It was observed on a particular day that the cost of production of each article (in rupees) was 3 more than twice the number of articles produced on that day. If the total cost of production on that day was ₹90, find the number of articles produced and the cost of each article.

Sol<sup>n</sup>:- Let  $n$  be the no. of articles produced per day.

Cost of production of each toy =  $(2n+3)$  in a day.

Total cost of production on a particular day = ₹90.

According to the Question

$$n(2n+3) = 90$$

$$\Rightarrow 2n^2 + 3n - 90 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 2n^2 + 15n - 12n - 90 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow n(2n+15) - 6(2n+15) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (2n+15)(n-6) = 0$$

$$\text{If } 2n+15=0$$
$$n = \frac{-15}{2}$$

NOT POSSIBLE

$$\text{If } n-6=0$$
$$n=6$$

Cost of each article :-

$$2n+3 = 2 \times 6 + 3 = 12 + 3 = ₹15$$

∴ The number of articles produced is 6 and the cost of each article is ₹15.