

5/7/21

## HOME ASSIGNMENT

### Physical & Chemical Changes

- ① Mention 2 examples where both physical and chemical changes occur simultaneously.

~~Ans~~ → The 2 examples where both physical & chemical changes occur simultaneously are -

- ⇒ The Burning candle
- ⇒ Boiling of egg

- ② ~~#~~ Give reasons Q/A of exercise → Next page - -

②

## PHYSICAL CHANGE

- (a) Drying of wet clothes.
- (b) Manufacture of sea from sea water.
- (c) Boiling of water.
- (d) Melting of wax.
- (e) Formation of clouds.
- (f) Mixing of a sugar solution.
- (g) Glowing of an incandescent electric bulb.
- (h) Formation of alloys.

## CHEMICAL CHANGE

- (i) Butter getting rancid.
- (j) Burning of Paper.
- (k) Burning of coal.
- (l) Curdling of milk.
- (m) ~~Roast~~ Roasting of Potatoes.

③

## Freezing / Solidification

(a) Physical.

(b) chemical composition.

(c) chemical change + Exothermic Reaction.

(d) Reasons -  
(a) These are Physical change because here no new substance is formed and only the state from liquid to solid or liquid to gaseous state happens. Thus it is a Physical change.

④

(b) When a candle is lighted, solid wax melts to liquid then burns to produce flame. New substances  $\text{CO}_2$  and water vapour are formed with evolution of light & heat energy. So, it is a chemical change. When molten wax drops on the floor, it again solidifies. So, it is a physical change. Here, Burning of candle is an example where physical and chemical changes occur.

(c) When Paper burns,  $\text{CO}_2$  and water vapour are released out and a new substance which is ash is formed. Evolution of light & heat energy happen. Thus, it is a chemical change.

(d) Cutting of a cloth Piece  
is a Physical change, though  
it is permanent because  
in this case no new  
substance is formed, no  
change in mass during  
the process, no gas or  
any form of energy <sup>(light)</sup> is  
involved. So, it is a  
Physical change.