

Q. 7.2) Exercise 7.3

Q. 3 In $\triangle AMN$ and $\triangle PON$
we have
 $BM = ON$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} BC = \frac{1}{2} QR$$

$AB = PO$ (proved) (given)
 $AM = PN$ (given)

$\therefore \triangle AMN = \triangle PON$ (SSS)
 $\angle ABM = \angle PON$

(ii) Now in $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle PQR$ we have.

$AB = PQ$
 $\angle ABC = \angle PQR$
 $BC = QR$

$\therefore \triangle ABC = \triangle PQR$ [SAS]

Q. 4 BE and CF are altitudes of $\triangle ABC$

$$\angle BEC = \angle CFB = 90^\circ$$

Hypotenuse - BC
Side BE & CF

$$\triangle BCE \cong \triangle CFB$$

$$\angle BCE = \angle CBF$$

$$\angle ABE, \angle BCF$$

$$AB = AC$$

$\triangle ABC$ is an isosceles \triangle

Q5 Draw $AP \perp BC$
In $\triangle ABP$ and $\triangle APC$
we have
 $AB = AC$
 $BP = CP$
 $\angle APB = \angle APC$
 $AP = AP$
 $\triangle ABP \cong \triangle APC$
 $\angle B = \angle C$ (CPCT)

