

Q15. In an examination a candidate secured 125 marks and failed by 15 marks. If the pass percentage was 35%; Find the maximum marks.

Ans. → Total marks secured = 125

Failed by 15 marks

∴ pass marks = $125 + 15 = 140$

Let maximum marks = x

$$\therefore x \times \frac{35}{100} = 140$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{140 \times 100}{35} = 4 \times 100 = 400$$

Hence maximum marks = 400

Q16) In an objective type paper of 150 questions; John got 80% correct answers and Mohan got 64% correct answers.

- (i) How many correct answers did each get?
- (ii) What percent is Mohan's correct answers to John's correct answers?

Ans → Total questions = 150

John got correct answers = 80%

Mohan got correct answers = 64%

(i) Number of correct answers got by John
 $= \frac{80}{100} \times 150 = 120$

Number of correct answers got by Mohan.
 $= \frac{64}{100} \times 150 = \frac{64}{4} \times 6 = 96$

(ii) % of Mohan's correct answers to John's correct answers

$$= \frac{96}{120} \times 100 = \frac{4}{5} \times 100$$

$$= 4 \times 20 = 80\%$$

Q17) The number 8,000 is first increased by 20% and then decreased by 20%. Find the resulting no.

Ans → The resulting number = The original number

$$\times \left[1 + \frac{20}{100} \right] \times \left[1 - \frac{20}{100} \right]$$

$$= 8000 \times \frac{120}{100} \times \frac{80}{100} = 7,680$$

Q18) The number 12,000 is first decreased by 25% and then increased by 25%. Find the resulting no.

Ans) The resulting = The original number $\times \left[1 - \frac{25}{100} \right] \times \left[1 + \frac{25}{100} \right]$

$$= 12000 \times \frac{75}{100} \times \frac{125}{100} = 11,250$$

Q19) The cost of an article is first increased by 20% and then decreased by 30%. Find the percentage change in the cost of the article.

Ans) Let the original cost = ₹100
increased by 20%

$$\therefore \text{new cost} = 100 + 20 = ₹120$$

$$\text{decreased by } 30\% = \frac{120 \times 30}{100} = ₹36$$

$$\therefore \text{new cost} = 120 - 36 = ₹84$$

$$\text{overall change} = 100 - 84 = ₹16$$

$$\text{Required percentage} = \frac{16}{100} \times 100 = 16\% \text{ decrease}$$

Q20) The cost of an article is first decreased by 25% and then further decreased by 40%. Find the percentage change in the cost of the article.

Ans) Let the original cost = ₹100
decreased by 25%

$$\therefore \text{new cost} = 100 - 25 = ₹75$$

$$\text{decreased by } 40\% = \frac{75 \times 40}{100} = ₹30$$

$$\therefore \text{new cost} = ₹75 - 30 = ₹45$$

$$\text{overall change} = 100 - 45 = ₹55$$

$$\text{Required percentage} = \frac{55}{100} \times 100 = 55\% \text{ decrease}$$