

Q. Fill in the blanks:

- (a) atomicity refers to the number of atoms in the molecule of an element.
- (b) The most abundant element in the earth's crust is Oxygen.
- (c) A metal which is a liquid at room temperature is mercury.
- (d) The most abundant element in the atmosphere is nitrogen.
- (e) A metal which is a poor conductor of electricity is tungsten.
- (f) A diatomic gaseous element is

Oxygen

(g) A liquid nonmetal is bromine.

2. Match the column.

(a) Metals - lustrous

(b) Molecules - Smallest unit of compound

(c) Non-metals - Brittle

(d) Noble gases - non reactive

3. (a) A compound is made up of just one kind of atom. False

(b) Metals reflect light and are good conductors of electricity. True

(c) Metals can be polished. True

(d) Elements are made up of compounds. False

(e) All elements are artificially prepared. False

(f) Molecules can exist independently.

True

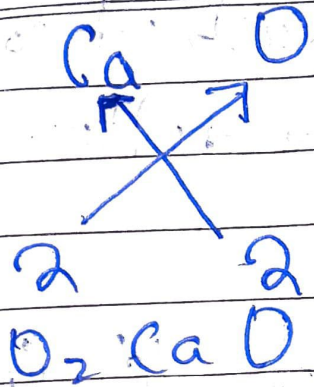
(g) Molecules combine to form atoms. False

(h) Noble gases are highly reactive. False

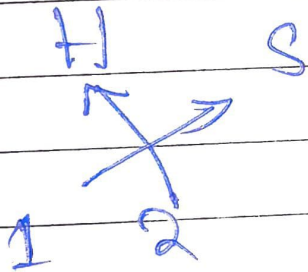
(i) Ozone is a triatomic molecule. True

Ex: O_3

7. Write the molecular formulae of compounds existing in the following states
calcium oxide, hydrogen sulphide, carbon monoxide and lead sulphide.

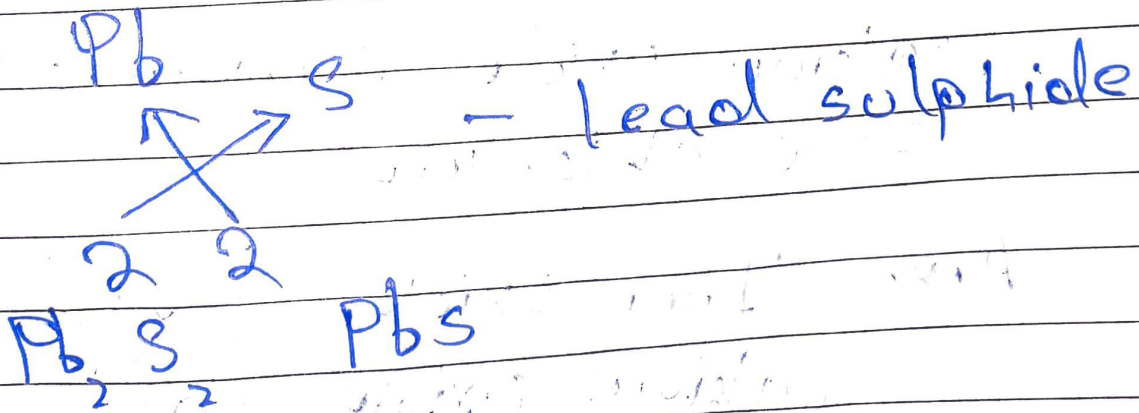


Hydrogen sulphide



Formula is H_2S

Carbon monoxide = CO



8. Give two examples each of compounds existing in the following states:

(a) Solid (b) liquid (c) Gaseous

Solid - Sodium chloride, Potassium chloride

liquid - Water, sodium hydroxide

Gas - Carbon dioxide, Sulfur dioxide

Q. Write formulas of iron oxide, calcium oxide, sodium oxide, zinc chloride

Ans = Iron oxide - FeO
calcium oxide - CaO
Sodium oxide - Na_2O
zinc chloride - ZnCl_2