

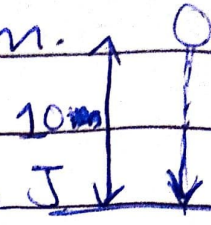
HOMEWORK

solⁿ 1. $U = 1 \times 9.8 \times 1 = 9.8 \text{ Joule}$

(4) The gain of gravitational potential energy is 9.8 Joule

Solⁿ: 2. Let mass of ball be m .

$$\text{Energy} = mgh$$

$$= m \times 10 \times 10 = 100m \text{ J}$$


Energy with which it moves up ~~at~~ the ~~ground~~ after striking the ground = $100\% - 40\% = 60\%$ of the total energy

$$E = \frac{60}{100} \times 100m = 60m$$

$$E = mgh$$

$$\Rightarrow 60m = m \times 10 \times h$$

$$\Rightarrow h = \frac{60}{10} = 6m \quad (2)$$

Solⁿ: 3. $K.E._1 = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$

$$\Rightarrow K.E._1 = \frac{1}{2} \times mv_1^2$$

$$K.E._2 = \frac{1}{2} \times 9mv_2^2$$

$$K.E._1 = K.E._2$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{2}mv_1^2 = \frac{1}{2} \times 9mv_2^2$$

$$\Rightarrow v_1^2 = 9v_2^2 \Rightarrow v_1 = 3v_2$$

$$P = m_1 v_1$$

$$\Rightarrow P_1 = m_1 3v_1$$

$$P_2 = m_2 v_2$$

$$\Rightarrow P_2 = 9m_2 v_2$$

$$\frac{P_1}{P_2} = \frac{m_1 3v_1}{9m_2 v_2} = 1:3$$

solⁿ 4. (4) lie down on the ground

solⁿ 5. (4) mgh

solⁿ 6. K.E. of body = $\frac{P^2}{2m}$

When kinetic energy is increased by 300%, then

$$K.E' = K.E. + 300\% K$$

$$\Rightarrow K.E' = \frac{100K + 300K}{100} = 4K$$

$$\frac{P'^2}{2m} = 4K$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{P'^2}{2m} = 4 \frac{P^2}{2m}$$

$$\Rightarrow P'^2 = 4P^2 \Rightarrow P' = 2P$$

Change in momentum
 $= \frac{P' - P}{P} \times 100\%$

$$= \frac{2P - P}{P} \times 100\% = \frac{P}{P} \times 100\%$$

$$= 100\% \quad (1)$$

Q. 7. Kinetic energy of a system of particles is zero. This means

$$K.E = \frac{1}{2} m_1 v_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_2 v_2^2 + \dots + \frac{1}{2} m_n v_n^2$$

$$\Rightarrow K.E = 0$$

For K.E. to be zero, velocity of each particles should be zero.
 Linear momentum when K.E is zero = $m v^0 = 0$

$\therefore 2$ implies 1.

In the case of collision.

Let both $\vec{v} \rightarrow \leftarrow \vec{v}$

particles of equal masses collide with same velocity.

$$\therefore \text{Linear momentum of system} = mv - mv = 0$$

But K.E. ^{of system} = $\frac{1}{2}mv^2 + \frac{1}{2}mv^2$

Therefore, $\overset{=}{=} 2mv^2$
 \therefore 1 does not imply 2. it is not necessary for K.E to be 0.

\therefore Ans = (4) 1 does not imply 2 but 2 implies 1.