

1. Describe the language policy of India.

A Indian federation didn't give give status of National language to any language. This ultimately has strengthened federalism.

- Hindi is identified as official language.

- Other 21 languages are recognised as Scheduled language by constitution.

- Candidate appearing examination conducted ^{for} by central government jobs may opt to take exam in any languages.

- Much of governmental work takes place in official language of concerned state.

2. Why is the central government of India not compelling states to adopt Hindi as their official language?

A Central India is not compelling states to adopt Hindi as their official language, because it strengthens the federalism.

- The use of English as official language was stopped in 1965.

But many non-Hindi speaking states fear that this was the attempt to ~~comp~~ ~~prop~~ impose Hindi on them.

- So, government withdrew the proposal and English although Hindi continues for official purposes.

3. The subjects like Defense, Banking and Communication are coming under which list?

A Subjects like Defence, Banking and Communication comes under Union List.