

56 The mass of 51 water is 5kg.

Ans. Mass = 5kg = 5000g

Volume = 51 = 5000 cm³

$$\text{Density} = \frac{M}{V} = \frac{5000\text{g}}{5000\text{cm}^3} = 1\text{g/cm}^3 \text{ (Ans)}$$

=

30 How does the density of water change when heated from 0 to 4 degree Celsius?

Ans →

It increases this is called ~~anomalous~~ anomalous behaviour of water as it happens at highest ~~at~~ at this temperature i.e. 4°C . This will happen due to hydrogen bonding present in water. This is the phenomenon which helps fishes survive in water during the winter when the top layers of water is at 0°C while water having 4°C temperature high density one is at the bottom in liquid state.

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Ans → Density changes with temperature because volume changes with temperature as we heat something, the volume usually increases because the faster moving molecules are further apart. Since volume is in a denominator, increasing the volume decreases the density.

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Home assignment

18 Define the term Density of a substance?

Ans: Density of a substance defined as the mass per unit of volume of the material

It is given $\rho = \frac{\text{mass}}{\text{volume}}$

20 State the S.I and C.G.S unit of it how they are related?

Ans: The S.I unit of density is kg/m^3 . The C.G.S unit of density is g/cm^3 or gcm^{-3}

Relationship between kg/m^3 and gcm^3

$1 \text{ kg} = 1000 \text{ g}$

$1 \text{ m}^3 = 100 \text{ cm}^3 = 100 \times 100 \times 100 \text{ cm}^3$

$1 \text{ gcm}^3 = \frac{1 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ cm}^3}$

$= \frac{1}{1000} \text{ kg}$

$= \frac{1}{1000000}$

$= 1000 \text{ kgm}^{-3}$

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